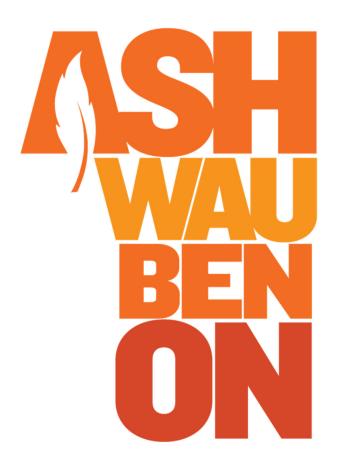
ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Including Auditors' Report

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Prepared by: Gregory B. Wenholz, Finance Director

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2024

Village of Ashwaubenon
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December 31, 2024

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DATE: June 11, 2025

To the Citizens, Honorable President and Members of the Village Board of the Village of Ashwaubenon:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Village of Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, is hereby submitted. The purpose of this report is to provide citizens and other interested parties with reliable financial information about the Village. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Village. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respect and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the Village. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Village's financial activities have been included.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Village of Ashwaubenon. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Village of Ashwaubenon has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from; loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Village of Ashwaubenon's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Village of Ashwaubenon's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and dependable in all material respects.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Village of Ashwaubenon's financial planning and controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Village Board. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service fund, capital projects funds, internal services funds, and enterprise funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Within the General Fund, the Village budgets to a sub-department level. For example, the Parks and Recreation Department budgets to sub departments such as Park Administration, Lake, Community Pool, Youth Recreation Programming, etc. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the department level within the individual funds.

The Village of Ashwaubenon's financial statements have been audited by Baker Tilly, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Village of Ashwaubenon for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Village of Ashwaubenon's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

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For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, the Village of Ashwaubenon did not receive enough federal or state financial assistance to fall under the Single Audit Act. When the Village receives \$750,000 in Federal financial assistance, it is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administration Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Village of Ashwaubenon's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The Village government is comprised of a Village President, who is selected at-large to a three-year term, and six Trustees, elected to terms of three years based on ward representation. The Village President serves as the chief executive officer. Administrative officials are appointed by the Village Board. The Village Manager assists the Village President and serves as the chief administrative officer. The Village Clerk is appointed by the Village Board and is responsible for performing the duties set forth in Wisconsin Statutes, Section 61.25. The Finance Director performs the duties of Treasurer and is responsible for performing the duties set forth in Wisconsin Statutes, Section 61.26. An elected Municipal Judge serves for a two-year term.

This report includes all the funds of the Village of Ashwaubenon. The Village provides a full range of municipal services contemplated by statute or character. This includes public safety, highway and streets, sanitation, public health, culture-recreation, education, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. In addition to general government activities, the Village provides water and sewer services.

The Village has 115 full-time employees. Ashwaubenon Public Safety Department provides its citizens with complete police, fire, and rescue protection. The Department is made up of fifty-six highly trained full-time professionals. This group is aided in fire and rescue by a volunteer force of an additional thirty persons. Two fire stations, appropriately located, provide quick and easy access to any part of Ashwaubenon.

PAST

Ashwaubenon, a thriving village, rich in the heritage from which it draws its name, strives to maintain the past in its goals for the future. The legend of the name is a source of deep pride for all Ashwaubenon; so much so, that an 86-acre park located on a peninsula, surrounded by the Ashwaubenon Creek and Fox River, was dedicated in honor of the man behind the legend.

It is said that in 1795, Little Crow, son of a powerful Ottawa Chief, from L'Arbor Croche, near Mackinac, came here to be in the employ of a pioneer named Jacob Franks. Little Crow made the acquaintance of Ahkeeneibeway (Standing Earth), a Menominee Chief, and was welcomed into his family. One day, about two years after Little Crow's arrival, a party of young maidens went berry picking and when it was time to return to the village, it was discovered that one was missing. The girls looked for the missing one, but due to darkness, were forced to give up the search and return and report that she could not be found.



Chief Standing Earth launched a widespread search, which lasted many days, but no trace of the maiden could be found. Shortly thereafter, he learned that a band of Chippewa's, returning home from a visit to the white settlement at LaBaye, had kidnapped the girl, and taken her to their camp at Shawano Lake. After much discussion, a war party was organized, and Little Crow was appointed to lead it. They set out immediately and arrived at the camp around midnight. The Indian warrior decided, however, to stay their search until morning when the Chippewa braves would be away hunting. In the morning, with the rest of the braves concealed in the forest, Little Crow went alone to search for the girl.

Little Crow proceeded cautiously and searched among the lodges and wigwams and finally reached the girl in a large wigwam being guarded by several older women. With his tomahawk held high, he entered and motioned the girl to follow him, and while retreating with the girl, the women gave him vicious side long looks full of hate and silent threats. Runners were sent ahead to tell them that the girl had been found and was returning safely. There was a great celebration, during which Little Crow was to be known as Asha-wau-bo-my, or Side Looks, in memory of the reaction of the Chippewa women. As a further reward, he was given his choice of two of the prettiest maidens of the Village. But he requested as his bride, the youngest daughter of Chief Standing Earth, who was named Wahbenukqua, or Morning Star. Ashwaubomay and Wahbenukqua lived on the South side of the Creek and were friends with both Indians and Whites alike. Among their white friends was Judge Raume, who held the first court west of Detroit in the area. They raised a large family and Ashwaubomay was buried on the bank of the stream, which was named after him.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The Village is ideally located in Northeastern Wisconsin, in an area called the Great Lakes Economic Region. The Village is a near fully developed inner ring suburb of the Green Bay metropolitan area. It is bounded by the City of Green Bay on the North, the City of De Pere from the South, and the Village of Hobart from the West, and the Fox River acts as the eastern boundary. The Village is approximately 212 miles north of Chicago, 115 miles north of Milwaukee, and 285 miles east of Minneapolis - St. Paul. Since Ashwaubenon's incorporation in 1977, it has grown to an area of 8,408 acres, or 13.39 square miles. In 2024, the Village's population was estimated at 17,870 residents.

The Village is undergoing significant redevelopment. The NFL's Green Bay Packers are continuing development of Phase II of the over 30-acre Titletown District. Phase I of the Titletown District centered around a 10-acre open-air plaza that includes a skating rink and sledding hill for winter entertainment, and a regulation football field with NFL Play 60 playground equipment for summer amusement. The plaza is bordered by three facilities. The first is Hinterland, a 20,000 square foot brewery and restaurant which opened in April 2017. The second is Lodge Kohler, a Four Diamond hotel that opened in July 2017. The third is Bellin Health sports medicine clinic, a 30,000 square foot facility housing the Packers' team doctors and other well-respected sports medicine specialists opened in July 2017. Phase II began construction in March 2018 with the 27,000 square foot Titletown Tech (a partnership between Microsoft and the Green Bay Packers) facility used to aid small business with technological needs and venture capital. Titletown Flats, a 152-unit apartment building and the five-story Class A space US Venture Center office building both opened in 2022. Titletown Townhomes, which are owner-occupied, have continued to open since 2020. The Packers Athletic Club, a two-story 46,000 square fit building will open in May 2025. As of the end of 2023, assessed valuation in the Titletown District exceeds \$232 million.



2024 has witnessed the continued construction of multiple apartment housing redevelopment projects within the Village's Tax Incremental District #5. The Bohemian Park Building #2 with an additional fifty market-rate apartment units, The Element Building #4 with an additional ninety-two market-rate apartment units, and The Berkshire Ashwaubenon consisting of 60 senior apartments and 15 workforce townhomes all opened in 2023. The Promenade, which is a five-story, 83-unit, market-rate active adult apartment development and new Ashwaubenon branch of the Brown County Library System started construction in 2024 with completion anticipated in late 2025. Additionally, TID #5 experienced the opening of the first three floors of a new five story, 200,000 square foot Bellin Health Ambulatory Surgical Center in 2024. Additional development in TID #5 includes a new Bellin Health Pediatric and Adolescent Center, which is a 70,000 square foot facility planned to open in 2025, a three-story restaurant and entertainment venue – The Great North Commons opened in early 2025, and a new car dealership, which opened in 2024. A new 152-unit apartment building (Novara) began construction in 2025 with completion anticipated in 2026. Any large future debt service commitments in these development areas (land acquisition, demolition, and infrastructure) will be funded through tax increment financing as the areas each lie within active Tax Increment Finance Districts. TID #4 was formally closed by Village Board resolution in March, 2025.

A new single-family residential development is located within the Highland Ridge Estates Subdivision in the far southwestern part of the Village which opened in 2022 and has sold all Phase 1 and Phase 2 lots. Phase 3 is currently under construction with lot parcel sales starting in Summer 2024. The Aldon Station redevelopment of the former Schneider National truck repair yard on the Fox River in TID #3 continued through 2024 with construction of multiple townhome units, zero lot line duplex units, and Station 417, which is a five-story condominium building on the Fox River.

The Village has maintained its strong retail and commercial core. Despite national retail trends, the Village has a vibrant retail area and regional shopping mall with minimal vacancies and continues to see growth in construction of new retail shops. The Village's commercial and manufacturing tax base slightly exceeds its residential value. The Village holds national corporate headquarters such as Schneider National, a large industrial park, and a regional shopping district all contributing to a strong employment base and a large, diverse job market. As of February 2025, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates the Green Bay Area (including the Village of Ashwaubenon) unemployment rate at just 3.3 percent.

Village staff continuously updates long-term projections for each of its active Tax Increment Finance Districts 3, 4 and 5. Tax Increment District (TID) No. 4 had adequate funding to formally close in 2025. TID # 3 will close during its natural TIF life, closing in 2029. TID #5 is still relatively early in its life and experienced heavy upfront costs in acquisition and demolition; however, several significant projects were completed, and other development projects are under construction which will generate additional increment growth, all within the necessary time to close the district within its natural TIF life.

CASH MANAGEMENT POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in Certificates of Deposit, State of Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool, and Special Investment Trust Agency Accounts. The amount of interest received during 2024 was \$1,052,674. Yields from all village investments increased from the economic inflationary environment, ranging between 2.5% - 5.4%.

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The Village's investment policy is to minimize risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. Accordingly, when possible, deposits are either insured by federal depository insurance or the State of Wisconsin Guarantee Fund. The Village minimized investments in short-term certificates of deposits and continued to invest its portfolio to repurchase agreements which were collateralized. However, the Village continues to review all investment options on a regular basis to ensure safe yet increased yields.

BUDGET PROCESS

Each year the Village prepares an annual budget. Starting in August, all department heads prepare and submit their individual department budgets to the Finance Department. The Finance Director is responsible for completing all the revenue components of the budget, collaborating with various department heads related to their revenue. The Finance Director compiles all the department and fund budgets into a draft budget book. The Village President and Village Manager review the draft budget. Each department head meets together with the Village President, Village Manager and Finance Director to discuss each department and fund budget. The Village President, Village Manager and Finance Director meet again to balance the budget. A preliminary budget is compiled and provided to each Village Trustee in advance of the joint Village Board/Finance and Personnel Committee meeting planned for early November. The budget is discussed in detail at this meeting, reviewing each fund and department. The budget is then approved with any modifications or sent back to staff for modification. Final budget approval and adoption is made at the Village Board meeting on the fourth Tuesday of November.

RISK MANAGMENT

For 1989, the Village initiated a self-funding program for the dental insurance provided to employees as part of the fringe benefit package offered. In 1997, the Village started a self-funding program for health insurance. The programs have generated cost stabilization for the Village. Property and liability insurance premiums crested throughout the State of Wisconsin during 1987. Several alternatives arose in the property and liability choices available for 1988. A self-funding liability insurance program, called the Cities and Villages Insurance Fund, was created. The League of Wisconsin Municipalities offered property insurance at reduced rates by pooling municipalities to obtain a larger, more attractive package. The emergence of these two programs in the insurance market drove premiums down. The Village did not choose to participate in the self-funding liability insurance program; however, it did participate in the property insurance program offered through the League of Wisconsin Municipalities.

The League insurance plan (*Plan*) provides a dividend on premiums paid for worker's compensation, automobile, general liability, and police professional liability coverage when the loss experienced under these policies has been favorable. The significant return on premiums was due to loss prevention measures taken by member municipalities. The Plan returned dividends as incentives to make communities safer places in which to work.



AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

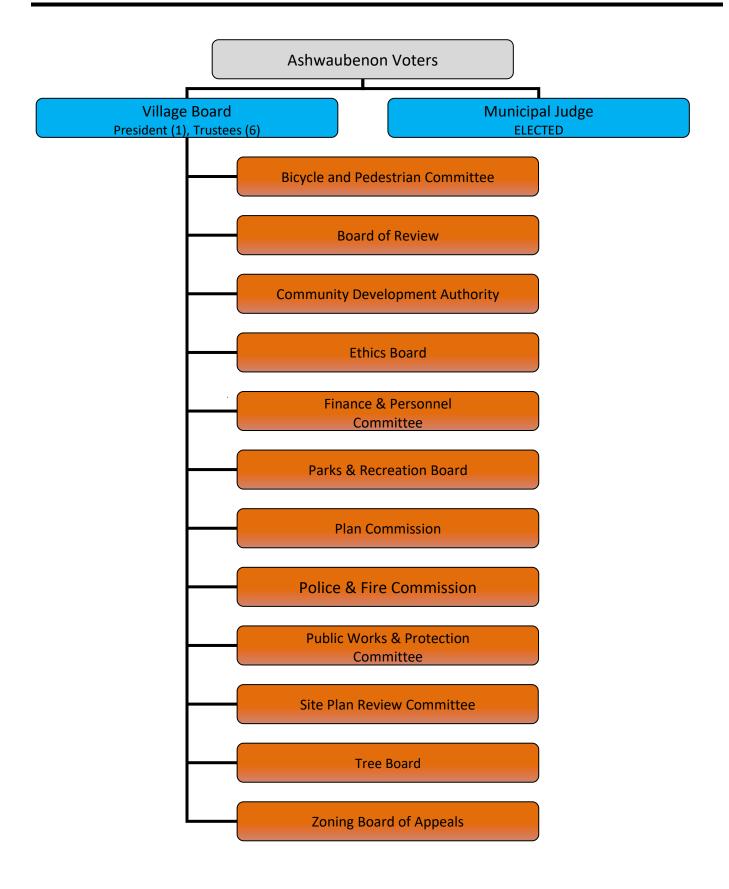
The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Village of Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. This was the 39th consecutive year that the Village has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

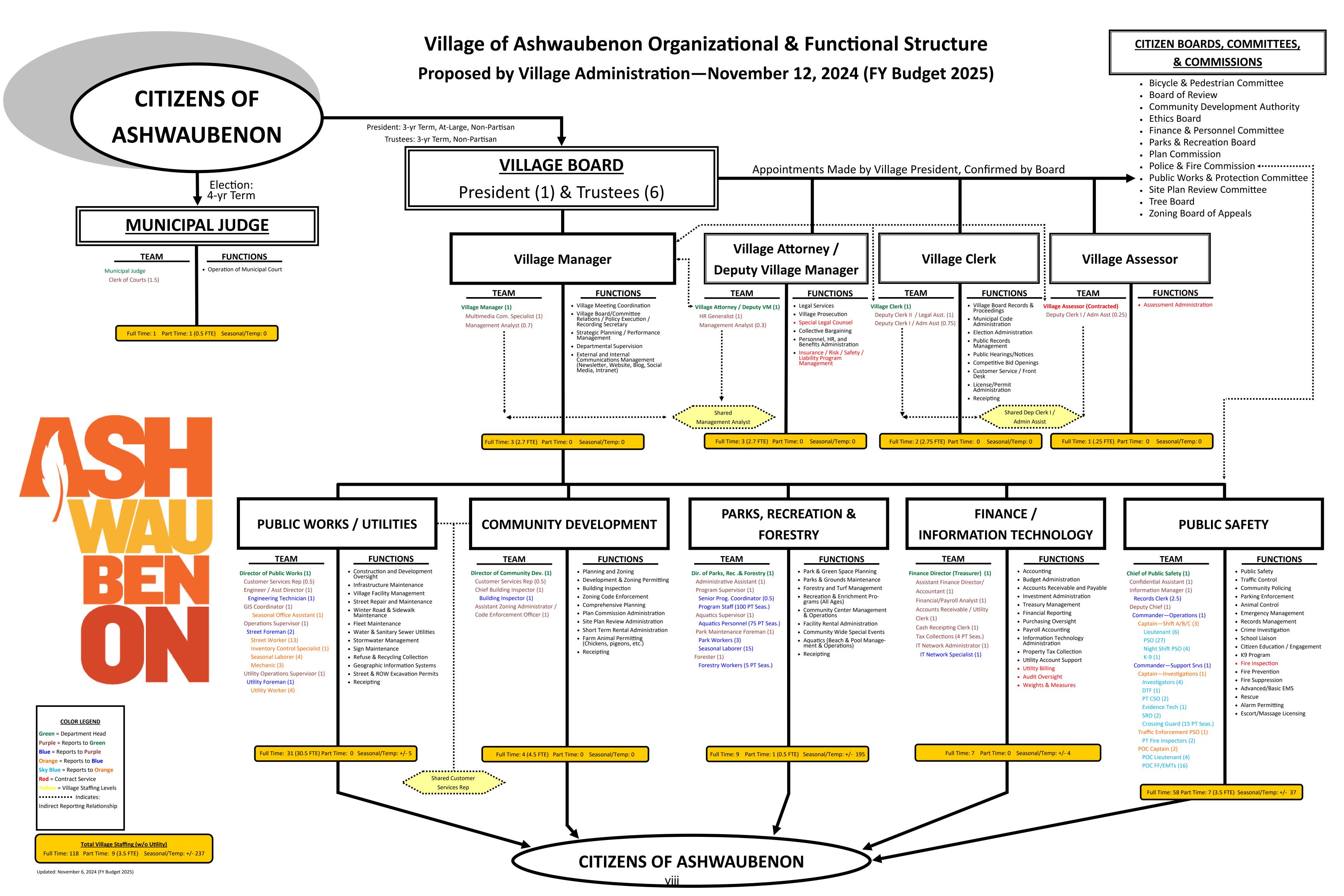
The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been completed without the efficient and dedicated services of the Finance Department staff and the Village's auditing firm Baker Tilly US, LLP. Credit also must be given to the Village President and Village Board for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Village of Ashwaubenon's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Gregory B. Wenholy

Gregory B. Wenholz Finance Director







Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

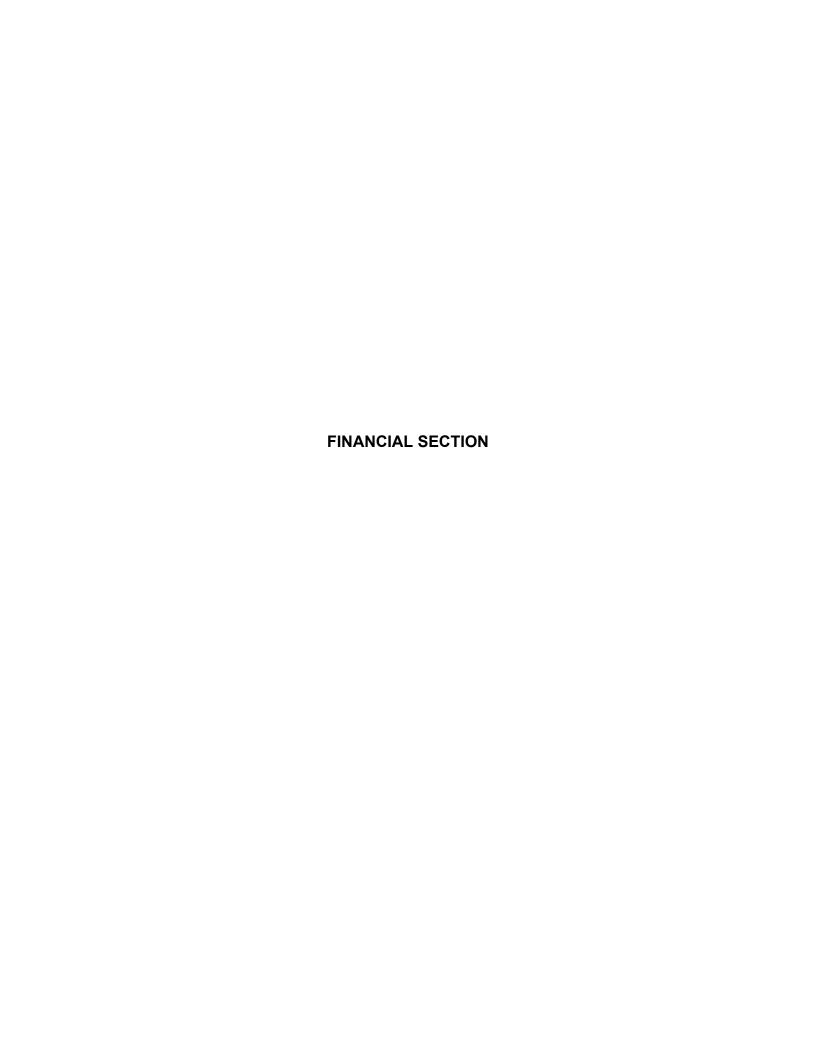
Village of Ashwaubenon Wisconsin

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Village Board of Village of Ashwaubenon

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Ashwaubenon (the Village), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of December 31, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Village and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the Village's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects. in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

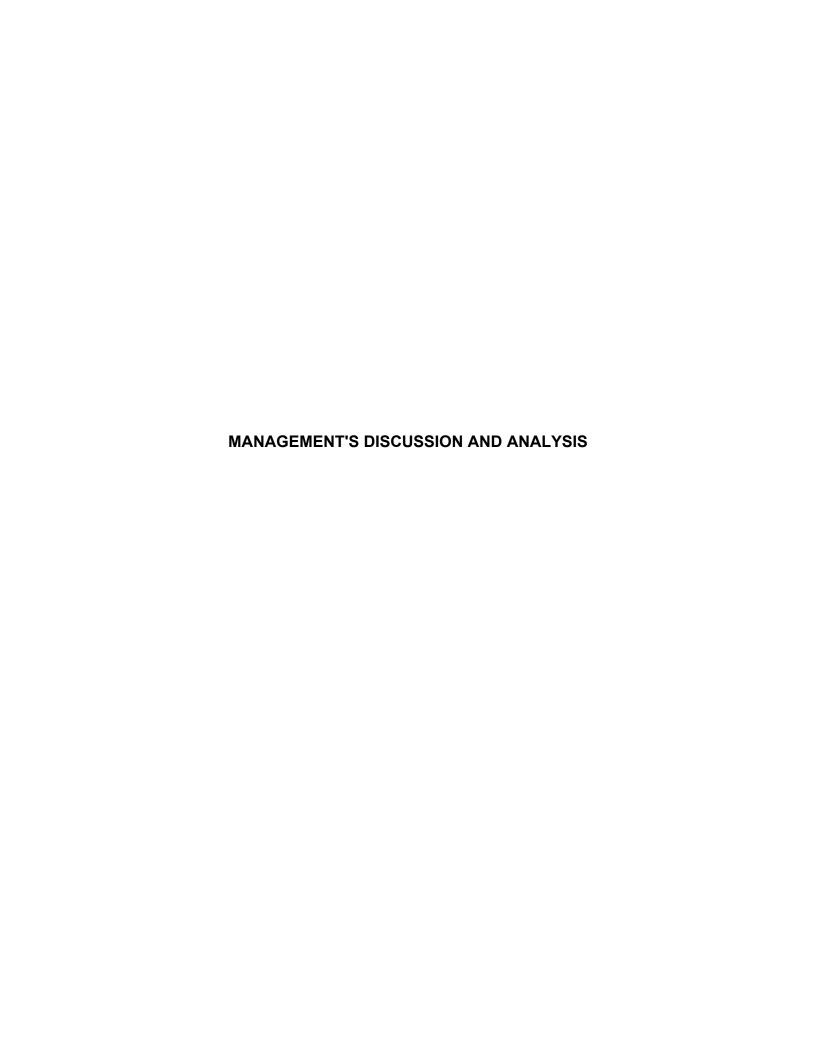
Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the "Introductory" and "Statistical" sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Madison, Wisconsin June 11, 2025

Baker Tilly US, LLP



Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

The management of the Village of Ashwaubenon (Village) offers this narrative discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the financial performance of the Village for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. The MD&A is designed to: (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (2) provide an overview of the Village's financial activity; (3) identify changes in the Village's financial position; (4) identify material deviations from the approved budget; and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A focuses primarily on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, it should be read in conjunction with the Village's more detailed financial statements which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

When revenues exceed expenses, the result is an increase in net position; when expenses exceed revenues, the result is a decrease in net position. This relationship between revenues and expenses illustrates the Village's operating results. The Village's net position, as measured in the Statement of Net Position, is one indicator of the Village's financial position or health. Over time, increases or decreases in the Village's net position, as measured in the Statement of Activities, are an important indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The Village's mission, however, is to provide services that improve the quality of life for our residents, rather than generate profits as companies do. For this reason, it is also necessary to consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the condition of roads or quality of services, in assessing the overall health of the Village.

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Village of Ashwaubenon exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of December 31, 2024, by \$99,972,568 (net position). Of this amount, \$4,449,322 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Total net position includes all major infrastructure networks.
- The Village of Ashwaubenon's total net position increased by \$4,775,092 in 2024.
- As of December 31, 2024, the Village of Ashwaubenon's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,535,139, an increase of \$2,953,881 in comparison with the prior year. \$5,359,605 of this total is available for spending at the government's discretion within the general fund, but it is offset by a negative \$7,540,135 in TIF District No. 5 (assigned and unassigned fund balances). At the end of the year, the Village had designated \$2,850,224 as committed or assigned for specific purposes and \$10,865,445 as restricted or non-spendable due to constraints from external factors such as grants or regulations defining specific use or allocations of prepaid expenditures.
- As of December 31, 2024, the assigned and unassigned fund balances for the General Fund were \$5,359,605 or approximately 27 percent of total general fund expenditures. The assigned and unassigned fund balances increased by \$124,041 or 2.4 percent, when compared to last year. This was due to maintaining the same total fund balance and a planned decrease in committed funds used to pay employee retirements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the Village's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the Village it is also necessary to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Village's property tax base and the condition of the Village's infrastructure.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Village's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from those functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Village include general government; public safety; health and human services; sanitation; public works; culture and recreation; and conservation and economic development. The business-type activities of the Village of Ashwaubenon include the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Utilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, however, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Village maintains twenty-one (21) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, TIF District No.3 Capital Projects Fund and TIF District No. 5 Capital Project Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 3 – 6 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – The Village maintains three (3) proprietary enterprise funds – the Water, Sewer, and Stormwater Utilities. These enterprise funds are used to report on the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statement can be found on pages 7 – 11 of this report.

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Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 12 – 13 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found pages 14 - 50 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information presents budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget, as well as pension information. These schedules can be found on pages 51 - 54 of this report. Budgetary schedules of the other major funds are presented on pages 57 - 59. The combining and budgetary statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and can be found on pages 60 - 81 of this report.

The financial statements also include the CDA as a component unit. The Community Development Authority's (CDA's) financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. Detailed schedules can be found on pages 82 - 84 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Village as a Whole

An analysis of the Village's financial position should begin with a review of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These two statements report the Village's net position and changes therein. It should be noted that the financial position can also be affected by non-financial factors, including economic conditions, population growth and new regulations.

Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Ashwaubenon, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$99,972,568 as of December 31, 2024.

The largest portion of the Village's net position (85 percent) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Village's net position (11 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$4,449,322 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

A summary of the Village's Statement of Net Position is presented on the table below.

Village of Ashwaubenon Statement of Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Assets:							
Current and other							
assets	\$ 45,842,426	\$ 38,249,701	\$ 18,302,548	\$ 19,673,362	\$ 64,144,974	\$ 57,923,063	
Capital assets	99,429,830	98,345,134	35,411,773	34,429,405	134,841,603	132,774,539	
Total assets	145,272,256	136,594,835	53,714,321	54,102,767	198,986,577	190,697,602	
Deferred outflows of							
resources	9,524,801	14,052,636	830,143	1,200,016	10,354,944	15,252,652	
Liabilities:							
Long-term liabilities	54,994,550	57,890,177	2,224,086	1,611,821	57,218,636	59,501,998	
Other liabilities	9,248,400	9,392,253	2,050,814	2,071,409	11,299,214	11,463,662	
Total liabilities	64,242,950	67,282,430	4,274,900	3,683,230	68,517,850	70,965,660	
Deferred inflows of							
resources	35,221,800	33,810,390	5,629,303	5,976,728	40,851,103	39,787,118	
Net position:							
Net investment in							
capital	52,030,272	40,605,252	32,656,636	32,673,160	84,686,908	73,278,412	
Restricted	10,696,664	6,103,144	139,674	139,674	10,836,338	6,242,818	
Unrestricted	(7,394,629)	2,846,255	11,843,951	12,829,991	4,449,322	15,676,246	
Total net position	\$ 55,332,307	\$ 49,554,651	\$ 44,640,261	\$ 45,642,825	\$ 99,972,568	\$ 95,197,476	

Changes in Net Position

The following table provides a summary of the Village's operations for the year ended December 31, 2024. Governmental activities increased the Village of Ashwaubenon's net position by \$5,777,656. Business-type activities decreased the net position by \$1,002,564.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

The following tables and narrative reviews separately the operational results of governmental and business-type activities.

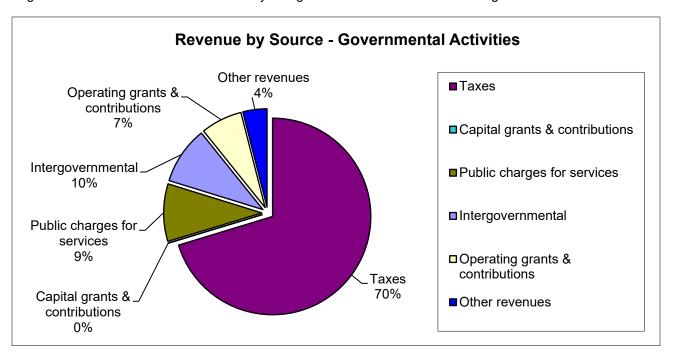
Village of Ashwaubenon Condensed Statement of Activities

		tal Activities	atement of Ac Business-Tv	pe Activities	Total		
		2024 2023 2024 2023				2023	
Revenues					2024		
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 3,279,487	\$ 3,214,930	\$ 12,582,933	\$ 12,069,574	\$ 15,862,420	\$ 15,284,504	
Operating grants	. , ,	, , ,			, , ,	, , ,	
and contributions	2,360,542	5,672,680	-	120,000	2,360,542	5,792,680	
Capital grants and	, ,	, ,		•		, ,	
contributions	15,000	-	202,268	192,328	217,268	192,328	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	23,773,323	22,012,067	-	-	23,773,323	22,012,067	
Other taxes	636,996	602,318	-	-	636,996	602,318	
Intergovernmental	3,282,783	2,799,172	-	-	3,282,783	2,799,172	
Investment income	1,052,674	1,251,806	563,799	549,680	1,616,473	1,801,486	
Miscellaneous	327,225	425,760	571,130	501,511	898,355	927,271	
Total revenues	34,728,030	35,978,733	13,920,130	13,433,093	48,648,160	49,411,826	
Expenses							
General government	3,292,177	3,141,238	_	_	3,292,177	3,141,238	
Public safety	9,765,508	10,404,099	_	_	9,765,508	10,404,099	
Public works	6,022,179	5,595,638	_	_	6,022,179	5,595,638	
Health and human	0,022,110	0,000,000			0,022,110	0,000,000	
services	6,708	6,848	_	_	6,708	6,848	
Culture and recreation	3,230,049	2,303,399	_	_	3,230,049	2,303,399	
Conservation and	0,200,010	2,000,000			0,200,010	2,000,000	
development	4,100,126	6,947,469	_	_	4,100,126	6,947,469	
Interest and fiscal	.,,.	2,2,			,,,,,,,	2,2 11,122	
charges	1,963,091	1,858,886	_	_	1,963,091	1,858,886	
Sanitation	972,643	950,397	_	_	972,643	950,397	
Water utility	-	-	5,917,192	5,381,600	5,917,192	5,381,600	
Sewer utility	_	_	7,267,059	6,678,847	7,267,059	6,678,847	
Stormwater utility			1,336,336	1,126,524	1,336,336	1,126,524	
Total expenses	29,352,481	31,207,974	14,520,587	13,186,971	43,873,068	44,394,945	
Inorogene in net							
Increases in net							
position before	E 07E E40	4 770 750	(000 457)	040 400	4 775 000	E 040 004	
transfers	5,375,549	4,770,759	(600,457)	246,122	4,775,092	5,016,881	
Transfers	402,107	416,921	(402,107)	(416,921)			
Increase in net							
position	5,777,656	5,187,680	(1,002,564)	(170,799)	4,775,092	5,016,881	
Net Position, Beginning	49,554,651	44,366,971	45,642,825	45,813,624	95,197,476	90,180,595	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 55,332,307	\$ 49,554,651	\$ 44,640,261	\$ 45,642,825	\$ 99,972,568	\$ 95,197,476	
Joinon, Linding	\$ 00,00Z,001	Ψ -10,00-1,00 T	Ψ,00,201	Ψ ¬0,0¬2,020	Ψ 00,012,000	Ψ 00, 101, 410	

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities for 2024 increased the Village's net position by \$5.78 million. Total revenues exceeded total expenses by \$5.38 million and \$402,107 was transferred from the business-type activities. The Village received a total of \$34,728,030 in governmental activity revenues in 2024. As the following chart indicates, the largest revenue source is taxes followed by intergovernmental revenues and charges for services.

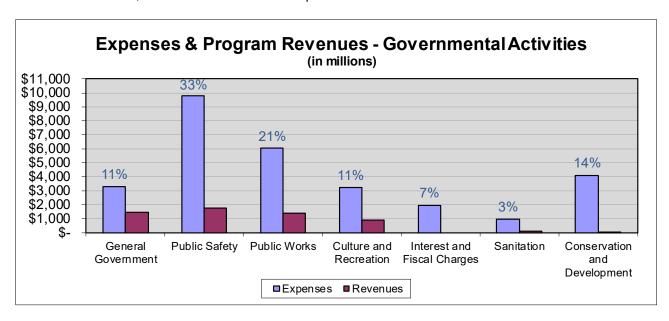


Some of the notable changes in revenues are described below:

- Charges for services: Building/electrical/plumbing permit revenues are \$140,323 higher than the previous year due to new multifamily housing construction projects. Offset by a reduction in fire protection fee of \$75,000 as the 2023 fee was \$75,000 higher. Fees going forward will be consistent.
- Operating grants and contributions: Decreased \$3,312,138 from 2023 because 2023 had a one-time state NIF grant of \$3,370,599. The Village does not consistently receive large grants; therefore, this revenue line can fluctuate as grants are received.
- Property taxes: Revenue increased \$1,761,256 (8.0%) from a 5.63% tax levy increase and from incremental tax revenue growth within the Village's tax incremental districts.
- Other taxes: Room tax revenues increased \$34,678 (5.8%) from higher room tax occupation and increase room tax charges by the hotel/motel establishments.
- Intergovernmental revenue increases of state shared aid (\$440,092) and state transportation aid (\$84,966).
- Investment income: Decreased \$199,132 (-15.9%) due to lower market interest rates and resulting devaluation of investment portfolio.
- Miscellaneous: The decrease of \$98,535 from 2023 was due to a one-time \$100,000 reimbursement from the federal government related to a fraud case from years past.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Total governmental activities expenses were \$29,352,481 in 2024. The following chart shows expenses at the governmental function level. Public Safety comprises the largest portion of total expenses at 33%, followed by Public Works at 21%, and Conservation & Development at 14%.



Some of the notable changes in expenses are described below:

- General government expenses increased by \$150,939 (4.8%). Legal department salaries and benefits were higher due to having the village attorney position filled for the entire year (2023 position was vacated for a number of months). 2024 was the first year for the new Communications Specialist position which increased overall salaries and benefits as well.
- Public Safety expenses decreased by \$638,591 (-6.1%). The General Fund Public Safety expenditures increased \$347,471 (3.6%) due to higher labor costs and an additional officer (\$286K) and additional vehicle replacement cost allocation (\$67k). However, the net pension liability decreased \$955,413 from 2023 offsetting the actual operational cost increases.
- Public Works expenses increased \$426,541 (7.6%). The vehicle replacement cost allocation (\$161k) was higher than prior year due to additional, higher-cost equipment purchases, and one-time traffic control equipment purchase of \$106,166. Wages and benefits increased \$89,257 from annual cost of living and medical benefit rate increases.
- Culture and recreation increased \$926,650 (40.2%). Wage and benefits increased \$188,557 (12%) due
 to increased part-time wage scales and overall cost of living and medical benefit rate increases. Village
 purchased land to expand an existing park (\$179,626). Vehicle replacement cost allocation (\$74,492)
 increased due to newer equipment purchases. Parks and recreation net pension liability increased
 \$354,770 from prior year as well.
- Conservation and development expenses decreased \$2,847,343 (41%) primarily due to the one-time
 payment of \$3,370,599 in 2023 for a NIF grant in which the Village received revenue from the state.
 Expenses increased \$195,568 for one-time contribution to partnership with local baseball team for
 maintenance needs and \$140,164 of additional tax incremental district grant incentives from 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

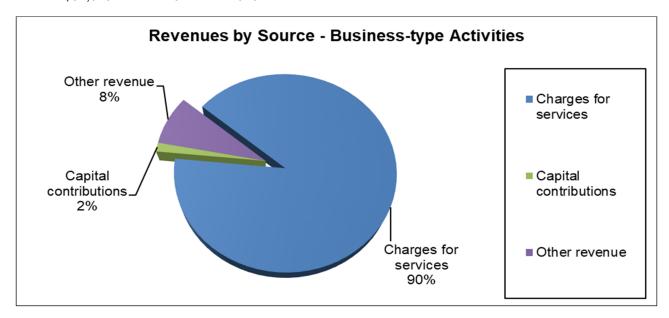
Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities, which include the operations of the water, sewer, and storm water utilities, decreased the Village's net position by \$1,002,564 in 2024. Program expenses exceeded revenues by \$600,457 and \$402,107 was transferred to the governmental activities.

Some of the notable changes in revenue and expenses are described below:

Revenues

- Charges for services: The Water Utility had slight gains in revenues of \$57,747 (1.1%) due to minor increases in consumption (increase of 7,078 thousands of gallons sold or 1.0%). The Storm Water Utility revenues increased \$51,249 or 3.8%. The Sewer Utility revenues increased \$404,363 (7.3%) because of a 6.5% sewer rate increase effective 04/01/2024 and a 3.5% sewer rate increase effective 10/01/2024.
- Operating grants: Revenue decreased \$120,000. The Storm Water Utility received a \$120,000 Wisconsin DNR grant for the Plymrock Pond project in 2023 but received no grants in 2024.
- Investment income: The increase in revenue from investments is primarily the result of the market value
 of investments in longer term portfolios increasing as yields increased and market performance in 2024.
- Capital contributions: The water and sewer utilities both had capital contributions in 2023 (\$92,884 total) for various projects but had no contributions in 2024. The storm water utility had an increase of \$102,824 in contributions in 2024. New in 2024 was a \$137,499 contribution from Brown County for the Timber Lane culver replacement project. Contributions for the Ashland Avenue detention pond were \$34,675 lower in 2024 from 2023.

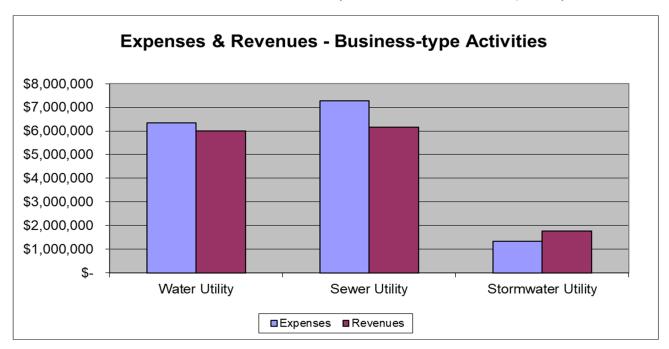


Expenses

- Water Utility expenses, excluding depreciation, increased by \$539,418 (12.2%). The Glory Road water tower painting project was \$303,201 in 2024, purchased water costs from Green Bay Water Utility were \$91,330 higher than 2023, and cost of living and benefit cost increased \$113,170 all contributed to the higher 2024 expenses.
- Sewer Utility expenses, excluding depreciation, increased by \$624,992 (10.5%). The two primary contributors to the expense increase were Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage District's treatment services increase of \$530,658 and a joint metering charge of \$147,831 for shared cost of water meters.
- The Storm Water Utility expenses, excluding depreciation, increased \$133,765 (14.0%). Cost of living and benefit costs increased \$79,113 and regulatory compliance engineering and consulting costs increased \$51,217 related to new detention pond projects.

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The following graph compares the revenues to the expenses for each utility. The current water, sewer and stormwater rates became effective March 2025, January 2025 and October 2024, respectively.



As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial reporting focuses on short-term spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at year-end.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Village of Ashwaubenon's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2024, the Village's governmental funds had a combined ending fund balance of \$11,535,139. Of this balance \$10,836,372 was restricted, \$2,850,224 was committed for specific purpose, \$5,359,605 was unassigned for the General Fund, and TIF District No. 5 had a negative \$7,540,135 of unassigned fund balance. The restricted balance includes \$156,203 for grants and escrows, \$139,708 for debt service obligations, \$6,984,904 for TIF No. 3 capital improvement projects, and \$3,555,557 for nonmajor fund capital improvement projects. The committed balance includes \$474,049 for employee retirement benefits, \$933,600 for street reconstruction projects, \$736,854 for village building improvement projects, and \$586,850 for parks and recreation tree removal and park improvement projects.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the Village and supports most of the day-to-day services provided by the Village. The General Fund total fund balance as of December 31, 2024, was \$6,018,930 of which \$29,073 was non-spendable, \$156,203 was restricted, \$474,049 was committed, and \$5,359,605 was unassigned. The General Fund had no change to fund balance for 2024 as was budgeted.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

General Fund revenues and other financing sources increased by \$912,197 (4.7%). Some of the significant changes in General Fund revenues were as follows:

- Property tax revenues increased by \$712,018 (6.8%) from the previous year due to a 5.63% tax levy increase.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased \$526,625 (19.5%). The increase was from an increase in state shared revenue of \$440,092 and an increase in state transportation aids of \$84,966.
- Revenues from licenses and permits increased \$212,953 (48.7%), due to increased building permits (\$102,979), electrical permits (\$17,513), plumbing permits (\$19,831), and heating permits (\$15,967) from new multifamily and commercial construction projects. Other licenses also increased \$13,840 (25.7%) from increased short-term rental properties.
- Public charges for services revenues decreased \$162,946 (8.0%) from 2023.
 - Public safety related charges were down \$241,622 due to:
 - A new Brown County maximum charge limit caused a reduction in reimbursement for drug task force services (\$54,635).
 - 2023 had a first-year charge of \$100,000 for an intergovernmental agreement with the Oneida Nation. 2024 and future years' charge is \$25,000.
 - Labor and service reimbursements from the water, sewer, and storm water utilities were \$37,855 higher in 2024 due to higher employee wages and benefits and better job tracking for governmental employee work done for the utilities.
 - Park and recreation related charges were up \$26,787 (4.5%) due to slightly higher participation and increased program fees.
- Investment income revenue was down \$199,529 (16.2%) due to lower investment market rates.
- Miscellaneous revenues were down \$152,860 (24.1%). There was a \$100,000 prior year fraud recovery realized in 2023, as well as a larger than normal transit services refund from Green Bay Transit Authority in 2023; both not realized in 2024. There were more (\$53,084) insurance recoveries in 2024 due to some insurance reimbursements for water damage realized at Village Hall during a large storm.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,312,200 (7.0%). The changes in department expenditures in the fund statements may vary from the government-wide changes noted on page xix due to the inclusion and/or exclusion of certain expenses in the government-wide statements. Some of the significant changes in the General Fund expenditures and financing uses were as follows:

- General government expenditures increased \$736,870 (29.9%) from the previous year. Various items created this increased cost including:
 - \$394,538 in employee retirement payments
 - Increased legal department costs of \$134,063 due to the position being vacated for a portion of 2023 and an increase wage for the new hire.
 - The Clerk's department increases \$82,879 from more elections and adding a deputy clerk position.
 - Addition of a new Multimedia Communications Specialist position (\$59,396).
 - Increase in property, liability, and workers compensation insurance costs of \$39,398,
- Public Safety expenditures increased \$347,471 (3.6%) due to higher labor costs and an additional officer (\$286,419), additional vehicle replacement cost allocation (\$66,540), and higher vehicle repairs (\$33,246) related to vehicle accidents. The increases were offset by a decrease in Fire Inspection department expenditures of \$58,748 due to utilizing contracted fire inspection services versus rehiring the open fire inspector position.
- Public Works and Sanitation department expenditures increased a total of \$141,681 (3.6%) due to annual cost of living and benefit rate increases.
- Culture and Recreation expenditures increased \$314,911 (14.0%), driven by additional employee time and focus on EAB tree removals within the Village (\$139,534), vehicle replacement cost allocation (\$86,229), park programming costs (\$50,635), and performing arts center wages and benefits (\$33,285).
- Economic Development department expenditures increased \$100,800 (79.2%) from the addition of the newly created Assistant Zoning Administrator/Code Enforcement Officer position in 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

 Transfers out decreased \$329,393 (88.4%) due to less excess funds in 2024 than in 2023. The Village transferred \$357,158 of 2023 excess funds to the Village Building Fund in 2023. In 2024, the Village transferred \$41,316 of excess funds to the NFL Draft Fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term principal, interest, and related costs. Each year the Village allocates general property tax proceeds to cover annual debt service obligations. Fund balance was \$139,708 at year-end. The Village will apply excess funds to future year debt service obligations.

Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 3 Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for expenditures outlined in the TID No. 3 project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing. December 31, 2024, fund balance was \$6,984,904, an increase of \$2,985,174. Tax incremental revenues grew \$602,473 to \$7,079,342, and the district received \$1,228,553 in bond proceeds in mid-December to use on the final phase of the Lombardi Access Road reconstruction project. Major expenditures for the year included: \$1,544,381 for the Lombardi Access Road reconstruction project, \$209,425 for the Ashwaubomay Park Pedestrian bridge/trail project, \$1,579,285 of the three existing cash grant incentives for Titletown District, Fresh Thyme, and Marina Circle, and \$3,088,344 of debt obligations.

Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 5 Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for expenditures outlined in the TID No. 5 project plan and related revenues and proceeds from long-term borrowing. December 31, 2024, fund balance is \$(7,540,135), a decrease of \$2,028,580. The district had a tax increment revenue increase of \$184,016 to \$1,106,935 and received \$1,805,000 in bond proceeds for a development incentive. Major expenditures for the year included: mill/pave of district streets (\$361,477), traffic signal equipment replacement (\$130,916), cash grant incentives (\$1,780,407), and \$2,484,498 of debt obligations. Although the district has a negative fund balance, tax increment revenue will increase approximately \$3,313,070 in 2025 and will continue to grow as development projects complete and generate more tax incremental value.

Proprietary Funds

See page xx for information related to the Village's Water, Sewer, and Storm Water Utilities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

As shown in the Detailed Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources – Budget and Actual – General Fund and the Detailed Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses – Budget and Actual – General Fund, the final 2024 General Fund budget authorized the expenditures and other financing uses of \$19,397,520, funded by anticipated revenues and other financing sources of \$19,397,520 for a balanced budget.

Revenues and other financing sources were more than originally budgeted by \$752,693 from a number of sources including; investment income (\$344,940), room tax collections (\$61,996), state transportation aid (\$45,304), state shared revenues (\$27,009), public safety state grants (\$23,955), state fire insurance dues (\$19,617), permits related to new construction (\$109,030), park and recreation programming rate and participation increases (\$60,072), and insurance recoveries from village hall storm damage and property/liability insurance rebates (\$61,333).

Expenditure and other financing uses were more than originally budgeted by \$752,693 for three primary reasons. One, employee retirement payouts were \$394,538 more than planned; however, restricted wage reserves were used to help offset this cost. Two, vehicle replacement cost allocations to the Equipment Replacement Internal Service Fund were increased budget \$247,068 by utilizing some of the available excess revenues. Three, Public Safety overtime was over budget due to staffing shortages throughout the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Capital Assets

The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities on December 31, 2024, was \$134,841,603 (net of accumulated depreciation), an increase of \$2,067,064 from 2023. This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and construction work in progress.

Capital Assets at Year End Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Land	\$ 14,310,679	\$ 14,161,879	\$ 2,154,460	\$ 1,178,925	\$ 16,465,139	\$ 15,340,804	
Construction in progress	5,257,192	5,347,627	_	-	5,257,192	5,347,627	
Intangibles	135,816	104,040	-	-	135,816	104,040	
Buildings and improvements	51,870,725	51,118,068	-	-	51,870,725	51,118,068	
Machinery and equipment	17,204,093	16,459,732	-	-	17,204,093	16,459,732	
Infrastructure	71,378,004	69,240,649	_	-	71,378,004	69,240,649	
Water plant	-	-	37,653,336	37,414,595	37,653,336	37,414,595	
Sewer plant	-	-	20,975,363	20,657,798	20,975,363	20,657,798	
Stormwater plant			9,498,035	8,518,674	9,498,035	8,518,674	
Total capital assets	160,156,509	156,431,995	70,281,194	67,769,992	230,437,703	224,201,987	
Less accumulated							
depreciation	(60,726,679)	(58,086,861)	(34,869,421)	(33,340,587)	(95,596,100)	(91,427,448)	
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation	\$ 99,429,830	\$ 98,345,134	\$ 35,411,773	\$ 34,429,405	\$ 134,841,603	\$ 132,774,539	

Major changes in capital assets of governmental activities included the following:

- \$1,281,573 for Lombardi Access Road reconstruction.
- \$1,228,334 for annual Village street milling and repaving.
- \$981,423 for the purchase of one garbage truck, one dump truck, one loader, one toolcat, one compact tractor, and three fleet pickup trucks for the Public Works and Sanitation Departments.
- \$355,272 for Brookwood Drive sidewalk reconstruction.
- \$231,902 for the purchase of three squad vehicles for the Public Safety Department.
- \$240,944 for Village Hall technology enhancements.
- \$186.175 for a land purchase adjacent to existing Bill Diamond Park.
- \$146,776 for Industrial Park Trail reconstruction.
- \$170,502 for two large work trucks and one lawn mower for the Parks, Recreation, and Forestry Department.
- \$131,880 for Waterford Park playground equipment replacement.
- \$130,916 for traffic signal control equipment replacements on Cormier Road and Holmgren Way.
- \$118,133 for the construction of a new park on Element Way.

Major changes in capital assets of business-type activities included the following:

- \$1,133,498 for the purchase of one new sewer Jetter, a chipper truck and a street sweeper for the storm water utility, and a shared fleet pickup for the water and sewer utilities.
- \$975,535 for a land purchase for a future detention pond in the storm water utility.
- \$348,294 for water utility meter replacements.
- \$316,416 for the Timber Lane culvert replacement.

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2024 (Unaudited)

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the Village had a total bond and note debt outstanding of \$59,460,000. The current debt is backed by the full faith, credit, and resources of the Village.

Village of Ashwaubenon Outstanding Debt

	Governmen	Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2024 2023 2024 2023		2024	2023				
General obligation bonds and				,				
notes payable	\$ 56,725,000	\$ 56,745,000	\$ 2,73	5,000	\$	1,835,000	\$ 59,460,000	\$ 58,580,000

Under Wisconsin State Statutes, Chapter 67, the Village of Ashwaubenon's aggregate general obligation indebtedness may not exceed 5 percent of the equalized value of taxable property located in the Village. The net amount of debt at year-end that was applicable to the statutory limit was \$59,460,000, which was 29 percent of the maximum allowed \$203,013,440.

The Village of Ashwaubenon total debt increased \$880,000 (1.5%) during the current fiscal year. The Village issued \$7,425,000 of new bonds and made total principal payments of \$6,545,000 in 2024.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Currently Known Facts / Economic Conditions

The Village of Ashwaubenon is in Brown County, neighboring Green Bay, in the northeast corner of Wisconsin. The Village has experienced consistent growth in terms of residential and commercial development over the past 25 years. Commercial facilities within the Village include two industrial parks, multiple office complexes, twenty-two hotels with over 20,000 guest rooms, numerous shopping centers, including the largest enclosed mall in Brown County.

The property tax base posted a 6.38 percent increase in equalized value for 2024. Assessment data indicates that the rate of appreciation in value of all classes of property remains relatively high.

The Ashwaubenon Village Board adopted the 2025 budget in November 2024. The budget authorizes General Fund expenditures of \$20,579,735, an increase of \$1,056,015 or 5.41 percent from 2024. The combined property tax levy for all funds is \$14,080,809, no change from the previous year.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with general overview of the Village's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Village of Ashwaubenon at (920) 492-2301. General information relating to the Village of Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin, can be found at the Village's website, www.ashwaubenon.gov.



December 31, 2024

		F overnmental	ry Government Business- Type	t		C	omponent
		Activities	Activities		Total		Unit
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	14,039,313	\$ 9,129,581	\$	23,168,894	\$	1,853,941
Receivables (net):							
Taxes		27,106,674	-		27,106,674		-
Delinquent personal property taxes		745	-		745		
Special assessments		211,204	156,117		367,321		-
Accounts		1,578,899	3,670,288		5,249,187		-
Leases		2,112,910	5,205,085		7,317,995		-
Internal balances		(1,803)	1,803		400.000		-
Long term receivable		460,000	-		460,000		-
Inventories Prepaid items		13,831	-		13,831		-
Restricted assets:		14,497	-		14,497		-
Cash and investments		306,156	139,674		445,830		8,380,931
Receivable from primary government		300,130	100,074		443,030		106,886,951
Capital assets:		_	_		_		100,000,551
Land		14,310,679	2,154,460		16,465,139		1,992,606
Construction in progress		5,257,192	2,104,400		5,257,192		1,552,000
Intangibles		135,816	_		135,816		_
Buildings and improvements		51,870,725	_		51,870,725		134,353,627
Machinery and equipment		17,204,093	_		17,204,093		-
Infrastructure		71,378,004	_		71,378,004		_
Plant in service		-	68,126,734		68,126,734		_
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		(60,726,679)	(34,869,421)		(95,596,100)		(28,877,827)
Total assets		145,272,256	53,714,321		198,986,577		224,590,229
Defermed Outflows of December			-				-
Deferred Outflows of Resources			72 705		72 705		
Unamortized loss on refunding Pension related amounts		9,524,801	73,795 756,348		73,795 10,281,149		-
r ension related amounts		3,324,001	 7 30,340		10,201,143		
Total deferred outflows of resources	-	9,524,801	 830,143		10,354,944		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		1,141,516	1,242,206		2,383,722		_
Other accrued liabilities		355,589	2,368		357,957		-
Accrued interest		324,402	-		324,402		194,999
Due to other governments		18,870	-		18,870		-
Deposits		42,485	150		42,635		-
Unearned revenue		-	-		-		106,886,951
Long-term liabilities due within one year		7,365,538	806,090		8,171,628		2,930,000
Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year:							
Net pension liability		1,066,651	77,208		1,143,859		-
Other liabilities due in more than one year		53,927,899	 2,146,878	_	56,074,777		105,079,544
Total liabilities		64,242,950	 4,274,900		68,517,850		215,091,494
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Property taxes levied for next period		26,952,709	_		26,952,709		_
Developer agreements		460,000	_		460,000		_
Lease related amounts		2,112,910	5,205,085		7,317,995		_
Pension related amounts		5,696,181	 424,218		6,120,399		
Total deferred inflows of resources		35,221,800	5,629,303		40,851,103		_
			-,,		-,,		-
Net Position Net investment in capital assets		52,030,272	32,656,636		84,686,908		7,839,793
Restricted for:							
Impact fees		271,495	-		271,495		-
Tax Incremental districts		10,203,758	-		10,203,758		-
Donations		11,344	-		11,344		-
K9 program		53,864	-		53,864		-
Grants and escrow		156,203	-		156,203		-
Sewer replacement		_	139,674		139,674		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(7,394,629)	 11,843,951		4,449,322		1,658,942
Total net position	\$	55,332,307	\$ 44,640,261	\$	99,972,568	\$	9,498,735
•			 	_			

Statement of Activities
Year Ended December 31, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position** Operating Capital **Primary Government** Grants and Governmental **Business-Type** Component Charges for Grants and Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Unit **Primary Government** Governmental activities: General government 3,292,177 1,450,572 (1,841,605)(1,841,605)Public safety 9.765.508 1.159.250 619.700 (7,986,558)(7,986,558)Public works 6,022,179 92,609 1,309,055 (4,620,515)(4,620,515)Health and human services 6.708 (6,708)(6,708)Sanitation 972.643 3.870 92.433 (876,340)(876,340) Culture and recreation 3,230,049 564,621 304,149 (2,361,279)(2,361,279)Conservation and economic development 4,100,126 8,565 35,205 15,000 (4.041,356)(4,041,356)Interest and fiscal charges 1,963,091 (1,963,091)(1,963,091)Total governmental activities 29,352,481 3,279,487 2,360,542 15,000 (23,697,452)(23,697,452)Business-type activities: Water utility 5,237,198 5,917,192 (679,994)(679,994)Sewer utility 7,267,059 5,962,375 (1,304,684)(1,304,684)Stormwater utility 249,292 1,336,336 1,383,360 202,268 249,292 Total business-type activities 14,520,587 12,582,933 202,268 (1,735,386)(1,735,386)Total primary government 43,873,068 15,862,420 2,360,542 217,268 (23,697,452)(1,735,386)(25,432,838)Component Unit, Business-Type Activities Community Development Authority 5,047,913 5,323,267 275,354 **General Revenues** Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes 11,229,404 11,229,404 Property taxes, levied for debt service 2,083,029 2,083,029 Property taxes, levied for capital assets 750,000 750,000 Property taxes, levied for TIF purposes 9,710,890 9,710,890 Room taxes 636,996 636,996 Intergovernmental revenues not restricted to specific programs 3.282.783 3.282.783 Public gifts and grants 35,803 35,803 479,173 Investment income 1,052,674 563,799 1,616,473 Gain on sale of capital assets 131,814 8,000 139,814 956,419 Miscellaneous 159,608 563,130 722,738 47,857 **Transfers** 402,107 (402, 107)30,207,930 Total general revenues and transfers 29,475,108 732,822 1,483,449 Change in net position 5,777,656 (1,002,564)4,775,092 1,758,803 Net Position, Beginning 49,554,651 45,642,825 95,197,476 7,739,932 Net Position, Ending 55,332,307 \$ 44,640,261 99,972,568 9,498,735

Village of Ashwaubenon Balance Sheet -

Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

				Capital Proj	iects	Funds	Nonmajor		Total
		Debt	_	TIF District	Т	IF District	overnmental	Go	vernmental
	General	Service		No. 3		No. 5	Funds		Funds
						,	 		
Assets									
Cash and investments Receivables (net):	\$ 5,375,255	\$ 139,708	\$	2,007,468	\$	123	\$ 3,617,472	\$	11,140,026
Taxes	11,495,249	1,989,525		7,156,960		4,418,280	2,046,660		27,106,674
Delinquent personal property	745	-		-		-	-		745
Special assessments	211,204	-		-		-	-		211,204
Accounts	1,363,504	-		-		-	144,905		1,508,409
Leases	-	-		-		2,112,910	-		2,112,910
Long-term receivable	-	-		-		-	460,000		460,000
Inventories	13,831	-		-		-	-		13,831
Prepaid items	14,497	-		-		-	-		14,497
Advances to other funds		 		5,161,536			 2,378,593		7,540,129
Total assets	\$ 18,474,285	\$ 2,129,233	\$	14,325,964	\$	6,531,313	\$ 8,647,630	\$	50,108,425
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 464,522	\$ -	\$	184,100	\$	129	\$ 209,238	\$	857,989
Other accrued liabilities	355,589	-		-		-	-		355,589
Deposits	25,273	-		-		-	-		25,273
Due to other governmental units	18,870	-		-		-	-		18,870
Advances from other funds		 <u> </u>		-		7,540,129	 <u> </u>		7,540,129
Total liabilities	864,254	 <u> </u>	_	184,100	_	7,540,258	 209,238		8,797,850
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Property tax levied for next period	11,341,284	1,989,525		7,156,960		4,418,280	2,046,660		26,952,709
Deferred special assessments	204,045	-		-		-	-		204,045
Lease related amounts	-	-		-		2,112,910	-		2,112,910
Developer agreements	-	-		-		-	460,000		460,000
Unavailable revenue	45,772	 		-		-	 		45,772
Total deferred inflows									
of resources	11,591,101	 1,989,525		7,156,960		6,531,190	 2,506,660		29,775,436
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable:									
Delinquent personal property	745	-		-		-	-		745
Inventories	13,831	-		-		-	-		13,831
Prepaid items	14,497	-		-		-	-		14,497
Restricted	156,203	139,708		6,984,904		-	3,555,557		10,836,372
Committed	474,049	-		-		-	2,376,175		2,850,224
Unassigned (deficit)	5,359,605	 		-		(7,540,135)	 		(2,180,530)
Total fund balances	6,018,930	 139,708	_	6,984,904		(7,540,135)	 5,931,732		11,535,139
Total liabilities, deferred									
inflows of resources									
and fund balances	\$ 18,474,285	\$ 2,129,233	\$	14,325,964	\$	6,531,313	\$ 8,647,630	\$	50,108,425

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 11,535,139
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. (Includes \$3,965,188 reported within the internal service funds)	99,429,830
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements. See Note 3.	249,817
Unrestricted net position reported within the internal service funds are reported in the Statement of Net Position as governmental activities.	2,973,391
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Unamortized debt premium/discount Accrued interest on long-term obligations	(56,725,000) (3,237,592) (1,330,845) (324,402)
The net pension liability does not relate to current liabilities and is not reported in the governmental funds.	(1,066,651)
Deferred outflows of resources relate to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	9,524,801
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (5,696,181)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 55,332,307

Village of Ashwaubenon
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2024

			Capital Projects TIF District	Capital Projects TIF District	Nonmajor Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Debt Service	No. 3	No. 5	Funds	Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 11,866,750	\$ 2,083,029	\$ 7,079,342	\$ 1,106,935	\$ 2,277,013	\$ 24,413,069
Intergovernmental	3,229,599	-	1,069,134	4,303	1,164,772	5,467,808
Licenses and permits	650,497	-	-	-	-,	650,497
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	283,442	-	-	_	-	283,442
Public charges for services	1,873,532	-	-	-	161,018	2,034,550
Special assessments	30	-	-	_	-	30
Investment income	1,034,840	-	-	_	17,834	1,052,674
Donations	-	-	-	-	48,693	48,693
Miscellaneous	480,739		35,205	175,360	135,631	826,935
Total revenues	19,419,429	2,083,029	8,183,681	1,286,598	3,804,961	34,777,698
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	3,199,263	-	-	-	6,060	3,205,323
Public safety	9,978,238	-	-	-	14,492	9,992,730
Public works	3,077,214	-	-	-	-	3,077,214
Health and human services	6,708	-	-	-	-	6,708
Sanitation	1,047,752	-	-	-	-	1,047,752
Culture and recreation	2,569,681	-	-	-	-	2,569,681
Conservation and development	228,041	-	1,647,107	1,982,774	24,135	3,882,057
Capital outlay	-	-	1,678,416	502,906	2,712,727	4,894,049
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	5,945,000	-	-	-	5,945,000
Interest and fiscal charges		1,918,238	20,381	52,970	21,399	2,012,988
Total expenditures	20,106,897	7,863,238	3,345,904	2,538,650	2,778,813	36,633,502
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over expenditures	(687,468)	(5,780,209)	4,837,777	(1,252,052)	1,026,148	(1,855,804)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debt issued	-	-	1,175,000	1,805,000	1,229,000	4,209,000
Premium on debt	-	141,076	53,553	· · ·	22,135	216,764
Sale of capital assets	2,714	-	129,100	-	-	131,814
Transfers in	325,963	5,778,365	-	-	98,885	6,203,213
Transfers in, property tax equivalent	402,107	-	-	-	-	402,107
Transfers (out)	(43,316)		(3,210,256)	(2,581,528)	(518,113)	(6,353,213)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	687,468	5,919,441	(1,852,603)	(776,528)	831,907	4,809,685
,						
Net change in fund balance	-	139,232	2,985,174	(2,028,580)	1,858,055	2,953,881
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	6,018,930	476	3,999,730	(5,511,555)	4,073,677	8,581,258
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 6,018,930	\$ 139,708	\$ 6,984,904	\$ (7,540,135)	\$ 5,931,732	\$ 11,535,139

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2024

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	\$ 2,953,881
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the Statement of Activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements	4,894,049
Some items capitalized were not reported in capital outlay	(607,922)
Gain (loss) on capital asset retirement	(90,700)
Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements	(3,600,285)
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned	
in the government-wide financial statements.	3,760
The internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities	389,326
	000,020
Debt and lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	
Debt issued	(4,209,000)
Debt retired	5,945,000
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	(55,646)
Net pension liability	2,679,757
Deferred outflow, pension	(4,527,835)
Deferred inflow, pension	2,170,138
Premium on debt issued	(216,764)
Amortization of debt premium and debt discount Accrued interest on debt	201,938 (152,041)
, toolada iittordat dii dobt	 (102,071)

5,777,656

Village of Ashwaubenon
Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds
December 31, 2024

		Water	e A	Activities - Ent Sewer		torm Water	ı	Total Enterprise		Activities - ternal Service
		Utility	_	Utility	_	Utility	_	Funds	_	Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Current Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	3,451,773	\$	1,902,472	\$	3,775,336	\$	9,129,581	\$	3,205,443
Receivables:	Ψ	0,101,770	Ψ	1,002, 112	Ψ	0,110,000	Ψ	0,120,001	Ψ	0,200,110
Customer accounts		1,462,835		1,643,931		563,522		3,670,288		70,490
Current portion of lease receivable		200,360		-		-		200,360		-
Special assessments		51,137		104,980		_		156,117		_
'			_	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_		_		_	
Total current assets	_	5,166,105	_	3,651,383		4,338,858		13,156,346		3,275,933
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:										
Equipment replacement		-		139,674		-		139,674		-
Lease receivable		5,004,725		=		-		5,004,725		-
Capital assets:										
Land		27,168		-		2,127,292		2,154,460		-
Machinery and equipment		<u>-</u>		-		-				11,533,195
Plant in service		37,653,336		20,975,364		9,498,034		68,126,734		-
Accumulated depreciation	_	(20,320,897)	_	(12,017,070)		(2,531,454)	_	(34,869,421)		(7,568,007)
Total noncurrent assets	_	22,364,332	_	9,097,968	_	9,093,872	_	40,556,172		3,965,188
Total assets	_	27,530,437	_	12,749,351	_	13,432,730	_	53,712,518	_	7,241,121
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		73,795		_		-		73,795		=
Pension related amounts	_	350,186	_	180,786	_	225,376	_	756,348	_	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows										
of resources	_	423,981	_	180,786		225,376		830,143	_	<u>-</u>
Total assets and deferred										
outflows of resources	\$	27,954,418	\$	12,930,137	\$	13,658,106	\$	54,542,661	\$	7,241,121
	Ψ_	_1,001,110	Ψ	. 2,000, 101	Ψ	. 5,000, 100	Ψ	3 1,0 12,001	Ψ	1,211,121

Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds December 31, 2024

	<u>.</u>	Business-Typ Water Utility	e A	ctivities - Ent Sewer Utility		rise Funds torm Water Utility		Total Enterprise Funds	Α	vernmental ctivities - rnal Service Funds
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	320,134	\$	917,566	\$	4,506	\$	1,242,206	\$	25,182
Accrued interest payable Claims payable		2,368		-		-		2,368		- 275,557
Deposits		150		-		-		150		275,557
Current portion of long-term debt		610,000		-		120,000		730,000		_
Compensated absences		38,045		38,045		<u> </u>	_	76,090		
Total current liabilities		970,697		955,611		124,506		2,050,814		300,739
Noncurrent liabilities:										
General obligation debt payable										
(including unamortized premium)		652,626		-		1,446,306		2,098,932		1,744,887
Compensated absences		23,973		23,973		-		47,946		-
Net pension liability		35,995		19,952		21,261		77,208		<u> </u>
Total noncurrent liabilities		712,594		43,925		1,467,567		2,224,086		1,744,887
Total liabilities		1,683,291	_	999,536	_	1,592,073	_	4,274,900		2,045,626
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Lease related amounts		5,205,085		-		-		5,205,085		_
Pension related amounts	_	196,764		118,922	_	108,532		424,218		<u> </u>
Total deferred inflows										
of resources		5,401,849		118,922		108,532		5,629,303		<u> </u>
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		16,170,776		8,958,294		7,527,566		32,656,636		2,220,301
Restricted for equipment replacement		-		139,674				139,674		-
Unrestricted		4,698,502		2,713,711		4,429,935	_	11,842,148		2,975,194
Total net position	_	20,869,278	_	11,811,679		11,957,501		44,638,458		5,195,495
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	27,954,418	\$	12,930,137	\$	13,658,106		54,542,661	\$	7,241,121
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internative service fund activities related to enterprise fur								1,803		
Net position of business-type activities							\$	44,640,261		

Village of Ashwaubenon
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - En	terprise Funds		Governmental	
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Storm Water Utility	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating Revenues Charges for services Other	\$ 5,237,198 499,729	\$ 5,962,375 20,656	\$ 1,383,360 6,807	\$ 12,582,933 527,192	\$ 3,609,911 	
Total operating revenues	5,736,927	5,983,031	1,390,167	13,110,125	3,609,911	
Operating Expenses Operations and maintenance Insurance claims and administration Depreciation	4,957,633 - 902,046	6,572,354 - 698,160	1,090,522 - 190,583	12,620,509 - 1,790,789	2,542,301 911,139	
Total operating expenses	5,859,679	7,270,514	1,281,105	14,411,298	3,453,440	
Operating income (loss)	(122,752)	(1,287,483)	109,062	(1,301,173)	156,471	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income (loss) Miscellaneous nonoperating income (expense) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Interest expense Amortization of loss on refunding Debt issuance costs Amortization of premium Total nonoperating revenues Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	247,240 877 - (33,788) (52,086) - 19,500 181,743	151,171 25,637 - - - - - 176,808 (1,110,675)	165,388 9,425 8,000 (39,336) - (21,411) 122,066	563,799 35,939 8,000 (73,124) (52,086) (21,411) 19,500 480,617	129,573 - (28,887) - 100,686	
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers, tax equivalent	- - (386,540)	- - (15,567)	202,268	202,268 - (402,107)	150,000 	
Change in net position	(327,549)	(1,126,242)	433,396	(1,020,395)	407,157	
Net Position, Beginning	21,196,827	12,937,921	11,524,105	45,658,853	4,788,338	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 20,869,278	\$ 11,811,679	\$ 11,957,501	\$ 44,638,458	\$ 5,195,495	
Change in Net Position, Enterprise Funds				\$ (1,020,395)		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds	uitios			17,831		
Change in net position of business-type active	viues			\$ (1,002,564)		

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - En	_		
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Storm Water Utility	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Received from customers	\$ 5,512,807	\$ 5,891,024	\$ 1,192,448	\$ 12,596,279	\$ 3,655,931
Paid to suppliers for good and services	(4,395,071)	(6,281,934)	(682,875)	(11,359,880)	(2,521,001)
Paid to employees	(628,630)	(271,311)	(426,482)	(1,326,423)	(2,02.,00.)
, ,		(,- ,-	(1, 1)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	489,106	(662,221)	83,091	(90,024)	1,134,930
Cash Flows From Noncapital					
Financing Activities					
Paid to municipality for tax equivalent	(386,540)	(15,567)	-	(402,107)	
Transfers in					150,000
Net cash flows from noncapital					
financing activities	(386,540)	(15,567)	-	(402,107)	150,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related					
Financing Activities					
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(440,005)	(575,493)	(1,877,171)	(2,892,669)	(1,395,740)
Capital contributions	-	=	202,268	202,268	=
Proceeds from debt issued	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,716,000
Debt issuance costs	-	-	(21,411)	(21,411)	(28,887)
Debt premium received	-	=	66,306	66,306	28,887
Principal paid on long-term debt	(600,000)	-	-	(600,000)	=
Interest paid on long-term debt	(34,863)		(39,336)	(74,199)	
Net cash flows from capital and					
related financing activities	(1,074,868)	(575,493)	(169,344)	(1,819,705)	320,260
, and the second					
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Investment income	247,240	151,171	165,388	563,799	
Net cash flows from investing activities	247,240	151,171	165,388	563,799	
Notice and a second sec					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(725,062)	(1,102,110)	79,135	(1,748,037)	1,605,190
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	4,176,835	3,144,256	3,696,201	11,017,292	1,600,253
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 3,451,773	\$ 2,042,146	\$ 3,775,336	\$ 9,269,255	\$ 3,205,443

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Utility	Sewer Utility	Storm Water Utility	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to						
Net Cash From Operating Activities	A (400.750)	Φ (4 007 400)	A 400 000	A (4.004.470)	450.474	
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided from operating activities:	\$ (122,752)	\$ (1,287,483)	\$ 109,062	\$ (1,301,173)	\$ 156,471	
Nonoperating income	877	25,637	9,425	35,939	_	
Depreciation expense	902,046	698,160	190,583	1,790,789	911,139	
Depreciation charged to clearing	002,010	000,100	100,000	1,100,100	011,100	
and other utilities	128,380	-	_	128,380	-	
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows:	.20,000			.20,000		
Accounts receivable	(224,947)	(117,644)	(207,144)	(549,735)	-	
Other accounts receivable	=	=	=	=	46,020	
Accounts payable	(178,984)	24,036	(586)	(155,534)	21,300	
Compensated absences	3,040	3,040	-	6,080	-	
Customer deposits	(50)	=	-	(50)	-	
Unearned revenues	-	-	-	-	-	
Pension related deferrals and liabilities	(18,504)	(7,967)	(18,249)	(44,720)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 489,106	\$ (662,221)	\$ 83,091	\$ (90,024)	\$ 1,134,930	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position, Proprietary Funds						
Cash and investments	\$ 3,451,773	\$ 1,902,472	\$ 3,775,336	\$ 9,129,581	\$ 3,205,443	
Restricted cash and investments		139,674		139,674		
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,451,773	\$ 2,042,146	\$ 3,775,336	\$ 9,269,255	\$ 3,205,443	
Noncash Investing, Capital and						
Financing Activities						
Amortization of premium	\$ 19,500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,500	\$ -	
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	\$ 52,086	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,086	\$ -	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2024

	 Custodial Funds
Assets	40.705.540
Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$ 13,725,543 18,264,054
Total assets	 31,989,597
Liabilities Due to other governmental units	 31,988,197
Net Position Restricted	\$ 1,400

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments Miscellaneous	\$ 21,689,792 1,525
Total additions	21,691,317
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments Program payments Operating supplies	21,689,792 80 156
Total deductions	21,690,028
Change in fiduciary net position	1,289
Net Position, Beginning	111
Net Position, Ending	\$ 1,400

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of Ashwaubenon, Wisconsin (the Village) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the Village. The reporting entity for the Village consists of the primary government and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

Community Development Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the Community Development Authority (CDA) as a component unit. The CDA is a legally separate organization. The board of the CDA is appointed by the Village board. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the Village can impose its will on the CDA, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the Village. See Note 3. As a component unit, the CDA's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. The CDA does not issue separate financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This standard was implemented January 1, 2024.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the Village believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the Village's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs, other than TID or enterprise debt.

Capital Projects Funds

Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 3 Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 5 is used to account and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures outlined in the TID project plan.

Enterprise Funds

The Village reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility accounts for operations of the water system

Sewer Utility accounts for operations of the sewer system

Stormwater Utility accounts for operations of the stormwater system

The Village reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Park Development DARE, Liaison Program Cadet's Program ARPA Cable TV Donations K-9 Program Citizen's Academy Excess Sales Tax Revenue Oneida Service Agreement

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Street Construction Village Buildings Public Safety NFL Draft Tax Incremental District (TID) No. 4
Parks and Recreation Projects
Land Sales and Acquisitions

In addition, the Village reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for and report the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Village, or to other governmental units, on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Self Funded Dental Insurance Self Funded Health Insurance Equipment Replacement

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds are used to account for and report assets controlled by the Village and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collections
Parks and Recreation Scholarships
Sunshine Club

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Village's water, sewer and stormwater utility funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the Village is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the Village which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues. Delinquent special assessments being held by the County are reported as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water, sewer and stormwater utility funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Village considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of Village funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The Village has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

To address custodial credit risk, the Village and the Community Development Authority will seek to collateralize certificates of deposit or any other time deposit in an amount equal to 100% of the investment less the amount insured by the FDIC or guaranteed by the State of Wisconsin with appropriate collateral instruments and at levels per recommended practices of the Government Finance Officers Association. Collateral shall be held by the Village or an independent third-party custodian with whom the Village has a current custodial agreement. A clearly marked evidence of ownership must be supplied to the Village and retained.

To address credit and interest rate risks, the policy requires safety and preservation of principal in the overall portfolio as the foremost investment objective. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner seeking to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The objective will be to mitigate credit risk and interest rate risk. To obtain this objective, diversification is required in order that potential losses on individual securities do not exceed the income generated from the remainder of the portfolio. The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. This is accomplished by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs to meet anticipated demands (static liquidity). Furthermore, since all possible cash demands cannot be anticipated, the portfolio should consist largely of securities with active secondary or resale markets (dynamic liquidity).

As to concentration of credit risk, the investment policy of the Village and Community Development Authority contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF) and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2024, the fair value of the Village 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the Village, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2024 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date
Tax bills mailed
December 2024
Payment in full, or
First installment due
Second installment due
Tax sale, 2024 delinquent real estate taxes
December 2024
December 2024
January 31, 2025
July 31, 2025
October 2027

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water, sewer and stormwater utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost based on the FIFO method using the purchases method of accounting.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation and amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation and amortization reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation and amortization is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Governmental Activities		
Buildings and improvements	10-50	Years
Machinery and equipment	5-25	Years
Infrastructure	15-70	Years
Intangibles	5	Years
Business-Type Activities		
Buildings and improvements	25-50	Years
Machinery and equipment	3-10	Years
Infrastructure	25-100	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts.

Vacation and sick leave pay is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2024, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

Leases

The Village is a lessor because it leases capital assets to other entities. As a lessor, the Village reports a lease receivable and corresponding deferred inflow of resources in both the fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements. The Village continues to report and depreciate the capital assets being leased as capital assets of the primary government. While the government is a lessor it is not the principal operation for any funds involved.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. **Restricted** Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the Village Board. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the Village Board that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Village Board has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Director of Finance to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The Village considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Village would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Village has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in the general fund of 20% of the subsequent year budgeted expenditures. The unassigned fund balance at year end was \$5,359,605 or 26% of 2025 general fund budgeted expenditures of \$20,579,735.

See Note 3 for further information.

Fiduciary fund net position is classified as restricted for pool participants, individuals, organizations and other governments on the statement of fiduciary net position. Various donor restrictions apply, including authorizing and spending trust income and the Village believes it is in compliance with all significant restrictions.

Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions;
 and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis for Existing Rates

Proprietary Funds

Current water rates were approved by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin on April 26, 2023.

Current sewer rates were approved by the board on January 1, 2021.

Current stormwater rates were approved by the board on August 31, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for all of the governmental funds other than the Cable TV, Excess Sales Tax Revenue, Land Sales Acquisition and NFL Draft funds. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

Excess Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Over Budget

Funds	Budgeted penditures	Actual Expenditures		Excess xpenditures ver Budget
Debt service	\$ 7,782,943	\$	7,863,238	\$ 80,295
TIF District No. 3	4,603,996		6,556,160	1,952,164
TIF District No. 5	2,655,866		5,120,178	2,464,312
Park development	200,000		304,308	104,308
Donations	15,000		31,633	16,633
Oneida Service Agreement	262,186		270,918	8,732
Citizens academy	700		3,947	3,247
Cadets program	3,000		5,191	2,191
ARPA	590,013		661,854	71,841
Street connection	961,933		1,064,817	102,884
Parks and Recreation Projects	112,629		356,115	243,486

Limitations on the Village's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the Village's future tax levies. Generally the Village is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the Village's equalized value due to net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The Village is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The Village maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the statement of net position and balance sheet as cash and investments.

The Village's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits	\$ 29,266,715	\$ 29,400,331	Custodial credit Custodial credit, credit, interest rate,
U.S. agencies, implicitly guaranteed	2,638,420	2,638,420	concentration of credit
Mutual funds, bond funds	210,807	210,807	Credit, interest rate
	0.504.000	0.504.000	Custodial credit, interest
U.S. treasuries	2,584,639	2,584,639	rate
LGIP	61,094	61,094	Credit Custodial credit, credit,
Corporate bonds	230,619	230,619	interest rate, concentration of credit
·			Custodial credit, credit, interest rate,
State & local bonds	2,346,278	2,346,278	concentration of credit
Petty cash	1,695		N/A
Total deposits and investments	\$ 37,340,267	\$ 37,472,188	
Reconciliation to financial statements			
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net position, fiduciary funds:	\$ 23,168,894 445,830		
Custodial funds	13,725,543		
Total deposits and investments	\$ 37,340,267		

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$1,000,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The Village maintains a letter of credit with a bank in the amount of \$35,000,000 to secure the Village's deposits.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The Village categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

- U.S. agencies implicitly guaranteed Valued by a pricing service that uses matrix pricing or a
 yield of similar investment types.
- U.S. treasuries Institutional bond quotes evaluations based on various market and industry inputs.
- Corporate bonds Valued by a pricing service that uses matrix pricing or a yield of similar investment types.
- State and local bonds Valued by a pricing service that uses matrix pricing or a yield of similar investment types.
- Mutual funds Net asset value.

	December 31, 2024									
Investment Type		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3			Total		
Corporate bonds	\$	_	\$	230,619	\$	_	\$	230,619		
Mutual funds, bond funds		-		210,807		-		210,807		
U.S. agencies, implicitly guaranteed		-		2,638,420		-		2,638,420		
U.S. treasuries		2,584,639		-		-		2,584,639		
State and local bonds				2,346,278				2,346,278		
Total	\$	2,584,639	\$	5,426,124	\$	_	\$	8,010,763		

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to the Village.

The Village does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The Village does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

As of December 31, 2024, the Village's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services
U.S. Agencies, Implicitly Guaranteed		
Fannie Mae	AA+	AAA
Federal Farm Credit Bank	AA+	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+	AAA
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	NA	AAA
Freddie Mac	AA+, NA	AAA
Corporate Bonds and Notes		
Chevron Corporation	AA-	AA2
Berkshire Hathaway	AA	AA2
State and Local Bonds	AAA, AA+, AA-, NA	AA1, AA2, AA3,AAA, NA
Mutual Funds, Bond Funds	AAAm	Aaa2

The Village also held investments in the following external pools which are not rated:

LGIP

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Village did not have any investments exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2024, the Village's investments were as follows:

			Maturity (in Years)						
Investment Type		Fair Value	L	ess Than 1 Year	_	1-5 Years	_	6-10	
Mutual funds, bond funds U.S. treasuries	\$	210,807 2,584,639	\$	210,807 743,760	\$	- 1,840,879	\$	-	
U.S. agencies, implicitly guaranteed Corporate bonds		2,638,420 230.619		1,282,976 230.619		1,355,444		-	
State & local bonds		2,346,278	_	316,905	_	1,929,591		99,782	
Total	<u>\$</u>	8,010,763	\$	2,785,067	\$	5,125,914	\$	99,782	

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year, with the exception of \$204,045 of special assessments and \$7,262,640 of leases receivable.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned			navailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special assessments not yet due Miscellaneous unavailable amounts Lease receivable Long term receivable	\$	26,952,709 - - 2,112,910 460,000	\$	204,045 45,772 -
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	29,525,619	\$	249,817
Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows	\$	29,525,619		
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	29,525,619		

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Equipment Replacement Account

The sewer utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Impact Fee Account

The Village has received impact fees which must be spent in accordance with the local ordinance and state statutes. Any unspent funds must be refunded to the current property owner.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2024:

	Restricted Assets				
Equipment replacement account Impact fee account	\$	139,674 306,156			
Total	<u>\$</u>	445,830			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions		Deletions		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized: Land	\$	14,161,879	\$	186,176	\$	37,376	\$	14,310,679
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	5,347,627	Φ	1,810,749	Φ	1,901,184	<u> </u>	5,257,192
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized		19,509,506		1,996,925		1,938,560		19,567,871
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure Intangibles	_	51,118,068 16,459,732 69,240,649 104,040		807,157 2,102,428 2,690,098 31,776		54,500 1,358,067 552,743	_	51,870,725 17,204,093 71,378,004 135,816
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized	_	136,922,489		5,631,459		1,965,310		140,588,638
Total capital assets	_	156,431,995	_	7,628,384	_	3,903,870	_	160,156,509
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure		(11,048,483) (12,051,286) (34,921,200)		(1,231,171) (1,204,292) (2,089,178)		9,500 1,349,744 552,742		(12,270,154) (11,905,834) (36,457,636)
Intangibles	_	(65,892)	_	(27,163)	_		_	(93,055)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization	_	(58,086,861)		(4,551,804)		1,911,986	_	(60,726,679)
Net capital assets being depreciated / amortized	_	78,835,628		1,079,655		53,324		79,861,959
Total governmental activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	\$	98,345,134	\$	3,076,580	\$	1,991,884	<u>\$</u>	99,429,830
Depreciation expense was charged to	fun	ctions as follo	ows	: :				
Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works Park and recreation					\$	783,309 342,114 2,681,730 744,651		
Total governmental activities of expense	dep	reciation / am	orti	zation	\$	4,551,804		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities Capital assets not being depreciated : Land	\$ 1,178,925	\$ 975,535	\$ -	\$ 2,154,460
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,178,925	975,535		2,154,460
Capital assets being depreciated : Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	10,566,990 3,009,107 53,014,970	1,472,365 730,138	518,940 147,896	10,566,990 3,962,532 53,597,212
Total capital assets being depreciated	66,591,067	2,202,503	666,836	68,126,734
Total capital assets	67,769,992	3,178,038	666,836	70,281,194
Less accumulated for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	(6,916,649) (3,978,936) (22,445,004)	(290,986) (411,364) (1,485,332)	510,954 147,896	(7,207,635) (3,879,346) (23,782,440)
Total accumulated	(33,340,589)	(2,187,682)	658,850	(34,869,421)
Net capital assets being depreciated	33,250,478	14,821	7,986	33,257,313
Business-type activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	\$ 34,429,403	\$ 990,356	\$ 7,986	\$ 35,411,773
Depreciation expense was charged to	functions as follo	ows:		
Business-Type Activities Water Sewer Stormwater			\$ 902,046 698,160 190,583	
Total business-type activities , statement of net position exp		in the	\$ 1,790,789	

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

Interfund Advances and Transfers

Advances

The TIF District Nos. 3 and 4 capital project funds are advancing funds to TIF District No. 5. The amount advanced is the cumulative cash deficit of the District since the District's inception. No repayment schedule has been established.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year			
TIF #3 TIF #4	TIF #5 TIF #5	\$ 5,161,536 2,378,593	\$	5,161,536 2,378,593		
Total, fund financial state	ments	7,540,129				
Less fund eliminations	(7,540,129)					
Total, interfund advances net position	, government-wide statement of	\$ -				

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To Fund Transferred From		 Amount	Principal Purpose			
General	TIF #3	\$ 125,000	Administrative purposes			
General	Nonmajor fund	50,000	Administrative purposes			
General	TIF #5	150,000	Administrative purposes			
Debt service	TIF #3	3,085,256	Debt service			
Debt service	Nonmajor fund	261,581	Debt service			
Debt service	TIF #5	2,431,528	Debt service			
Nonmajor fund	General	2,000	FundDARE program costs			
Internal service fund	Nonmajor fund	150,000	Fund vehicle purchase costs			
	•		Fund NFL Draft related			
Nonmajor fund	Nonmajor fund	55,569	expenditures			
,	,	,	Reimburse for costs not			
General	Nonmajor fund	963	incurred			
General	Water	386,540	Tax equivalent payment			
General	Sewer	15,567	Tax equivalent payment			
		,	Fund NFL draft related			
Nonmajor fund	General	41,316	expenditures			
	2 - 11 - 11	 , -				
Total, fund financia	ıl statements	6,755,320				
•		, ,				
Less fund eliminations		(6,353,213)				
Total transfers, gov	vernment-wide statement of					
activities		\$ 402,107				

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance	 nounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable:								
General obligation bonds and notes (Discounts)/Premiums:	\$	56,745,000	\$ 5,925,000	\$	5,945,000	\$	56,725,000	\$ 6,165,000
Discount Premium	_	(8,951) 1,296,083	- 245,651		(5,371) 207,309	_	(3,580) 1,334,425	<u>-</u>
Total bonds and notes payable		58,032,132	 6,170,651		6,146,938	_	58,055,845	 6,165,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences		3,181,946	 1,180,955	_	1,125,309		3,237,592	 1,200,538
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$	61,214,078	\$ 7,351,606	\$	7,272,247	\$	61,293,437	\$ 7,365,538
Business-Type Activities								
Bonds and notes payable: General obligation debt (Discounts)/Premiums	\$	1,835,000 47,126	\$ 1,500,000 66,306	\$	600,000 19,500	\$	2,735,000 93,932	\$ 730,000
Total bonds and notes payable	_	1,882,126	 1,566,306		619,500		2,828,932	730,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences		117,956	 76,974		70,894		124,036	 76,090
Total business-type activities long- term liabilities	\$	2,000,082	\$ 1,643,280	\$	690,394	\$	2,952,968	\$ 806,090

In addition to the liabilities above, information on the net pension liability (asset) is provided in Note 4.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the Village may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the Village's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2024, was \$203,013,440. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$59,460,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt payable is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village. Debt in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

Governmental Activities					Balance
Comment Obligation Dabt	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	December 31,
General Obligation Debt	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	Indebtedness	2024
General obligation notes	12/15/15	06/01/25	.7-3.15%	\$ 3,050,000	\$ 340,000
General obligation bonds	04/12/16	06/01/35	3.00	8,525,000	8,525,000
General obligation notes	06/01/16	06/01/26	2.00	9,035,000	2,505,000
General obligation notes	06/01/16	06/01/26	1.00-2.65	2,225,000	480,000
General obligation notes	06/13/17	06/01/27	2.00-3.00	2,630,000	860,000
General obligation bonds	11/15/18	06/01/38	3.00-4.00	1,100,000	1,050,000
General obligation bonds	11/15/18	06/01/38	2.85-4.4	12,080,000	10,865,000
General obligation notes	11/15/18	06/01/28	3.30-3.85	2,840,000	1,710,000
General obligation notes	09/17/19	06/01/29	3.00	6,240,000	4,325,000
General obligation notes	09/17/19	06/01/29	1.90-2.30	2,225,000	1,520,000
General obligation notes	06/17/20	06/01/30	2.00-3.00	4,810,000	3,790,000
General obligation notes	06/17/20	06/01/30	1.30-2.10	2,095,000	1,645,000
General obligation bonds	06/17/20	06/01/40	2.50-2.97	1,895,000	1,895,000
General obligation					
promissory notes	06/01/22	06/01/27	4.00-5.00	1,750,000	1,090,000
Taxable general obligation					
promissory notes	06/01/22	06/01/32	3.35-3.85	1,960,000	1,960,000
General obligation					
promissory notes	12/15/22	06/01/32	4.00-5.00	7,485,000	6,810,000
General obligation					
promissory notes	12/15/22	06/01/32	4.75-5.05	1,430,000	1,430,000
General obligation notes	05/15/24	06/01/34	4.00-6.00	1,230,000	1,230,000
General obligation notes	05/15/24	06/01/34	5.05-5.25	1,805,000	1,805,000
General obligation notes	12/30/24	06/01/39	4.00-5.00	2,890,000	2,890,000
Total governmental a	activities dene	eral obligation	deht		\$ 56,725,000
rotal governmental e	ionvines, gene	rai obligation	dobt		<u> </u>
Business-Type Activities					Balance
	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	December 31,
General Obligation Debt	Issue	<u>Maturity</u>	Rates	Indebtedness	2024
General obligation bonds	05/15/12	06/01/26	2.00-3.00%	\$ 5,835,000	\$ 1,235,000
General obligation notes	05/15/24	06/01/34	4.00-6.00	1,500,000	1,500,000
Ç				,,.	
Total business-type a	\$ 2,735,000				

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Ge	Governmen eneral Obliga No		Business-Type Activities General Obligation Debt				
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040	\$	6,165,000 6,885,000 6,520,000 5,370,000 5,480,000 19,100,000 6,990,000 215,000	\$	1,935,146 1,738,923 1,501,018 1,285,605 1,098,625 3,031,016 573,662 3,193	\$	730,000 750,000 130,000 140,000 145,000 840,000	\$	90,200 69,269 54,900 47,500 40,375 89,775
Total	\$	56,725,000	\$	11,167,188	\$	2,735,000	\$	392,019

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund fund.

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Lease Disclosures

Lessor - Lease Receivables

Governmental Activities Lease Receivables Description	Date of Inception	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	E	eceivable Balance eember 31, 2024
Ashwaubenon Events LLC, public stadium	03/08/18	03/08/41	3.00%	\$	2,112,910
Total governmental activities				\$	2,112,910

The Village recognized \$39,462 of lease revenue during the fiscal year.

The Village recognized \$93,151 of interest revenue during the fiscal year.

Business-Type Activities Lease Receivables Description	Date of Inception	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Balance cember 31, 2024
Cellular antennae space	07/14/2006 - 12/13/2022	07/14/2031 - 05/01/2057	2.00%	\$ 5,205,085
Total business-type activities				\$ 5,205,085

The water utility recognized \$200,360 of lease revenue during the fiscal year.

The water utility recognized \$104,102 of interest revenue during the fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2024, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Invested in capital assets:		
Land	\$	14,310,679
Construction in progress		5,257,192
Other capital assets, net of accumulated		
depreciation/amortization		79,861,959
Less long-term debt outstanding		(56,725,000)
Plus unspent capital related debt proceeds		2,831,037
Plus related noncapital long-term debt outstanding		7,825,250
Less unamortized debt premium/discount	_	(1,330,845)
Total invested in southelesses	Φ.	52.030.272
Total invested in capital assets	Ψ	32,030,212

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2024, include the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service	TIF District No. 3	TIF District No. 5	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable: Prepaid items Inventories Delinquent personal	\$ 14,497 13,831	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,497 13,831
property taxes	745					745
Subtotal	29,073					29,073
Restricted for: Impact fees Donations K9 Program Grants and escrow Debt service Community	- - - 156,203 -	- - - - 139,708	- - - - -	- - - - -	271,495 11,344 53,864 -	271,495 11,344 53,864 156,203 139,708
development			6,984,904		3,218,854	10,203,758
Subtotal	156,203	139,708	6,984,904		3,555,557	10,836,372
Committed to: Excess sales tax Capital projects Cable TV Oneida service agreement		- - -	- - -	- - -	7,441 2,330,055 18,007 20,672	7,441 2,330,055 18,007 20,672
Retirements	474,049	<u>-</u>				474,049
Subtotal	474,049			-	2,376,175	2,850,224
Unassigned (Deficit)	5,359,605			(7,540,135)		(2,180,530)
Total fund balances	\$ 6,018,930	\$ 139,708	\$ 6,984,904	\$ (7,540,135)	\$ 5,931,732	\$ 11,535,139

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Business-Type Activities

Net investment in capital assets:	
Land	\$ 2,154,460
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	33,257,313
Less long-term debt outstanding	(2,735,000)
Less unamortized debt premium/discount	(93,932)
Plus deferred charge on refunding	 73,795
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 32,656,636

Component Unit

Community Development Authority

This report contains the Community Development Authority (CDA), which is included as a component unit.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The CDA follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

b. Deposits and Investments

	Carryinç Value	g Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits Mutual funds, bond funds	\$ 1,853,9 8,380,9		Custodial credit Credit, interest rate
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 10,234,8</u>	<u>\$ 10,234,872</u>	

The CDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

	12/31/2024							
Investment Type	Leve	el 1	Level 2	Lev	/el 3	_	Total	
Mutual funds, bond funds	\$	- \$	8,380,931	\$		\$	8,380,931	
Total	\$	- \$	8,380,931	\$	_	\$	8,380,931	

Mutual funds, net asset values

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the CDA's deposits may not be returned to the CDA.

The CDA does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the CDA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The CDA does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2024, the CDA's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	Standard & Poors	Investors Services
Mutual fund, bond funds	AAAm	Aaa2

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2024, the CDA's investments were as follows:

	 Maturity (in Years)						
Investment Type	 Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year					
Mutual funds, bond funds	\$ 8,380,931	\$	8,380,931				
Total	\$ 8,380,931	\$	8,380,931				

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

c. Restricted Assets

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2024:

	Restricted Assets			
Debt reserve investments	\$	8,380,931		
Total	\$	8,380,931		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

d. Capital Assets

	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Deletions	<u>Er</u>	nding Balance	Useful Lives (Years)
Land Buildings and improvements Less accumulated	\$	2,342,906 134,353,627	\$	-	\$	350,300	\$	1,992,606 134,353,627	10-50
depreciation / amortization	_	(26,191,850)	_	(2,685,977)	_	<u>-</u>	_	(28,877,827)	
Total	\$	110,504,683	\$	(2,685,977)	\$	350,300	\$	107,468,406	

e. Long-Term Obligations

Issuance	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance December 31, 2024
Lease revenue bonds Lease revenue, capital	06/20/19	06/01/37	1.60-4.0%	\$ 67,655,000	\$ 65,555,000
appreciation bonds Lease revenue bonds	06/20/19 04/01/22	06/01/54 06/01/29	3.80-3.93 1.50-2.55	29,631,951 16,275,000	29,631,951 11,700,000
	revenue bonds	00/01/20	1.00 2.00	10,270,000	\$ 106,886,951

Pursuant to the Amended and Restated Cooperation Agreement dated July 11, 2017 between the Community Development Authority of the Village of Ashwaubenon, the Redevelopment Authority of the City of Green Bay, Brown County and participating municipalities, the participating municipalities agree to impose an 8% room tax with the revenues pledged to Brown County. Brown County subsequently entered into an agreement, as amended on June 1, 2019, with the Community Development Authority of the Village of Ashwaubenon to lease property (Resch Center and Expo Center), with base rents sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the above lease revenue bonds as they mature.

Proceeds from the lease revenue bonds provided financing for the construction or acquisition of capital assets. The bonds are payable solely from lease payments received from Brown County and are payable through 2054. Total interest and principal remaining to be paid on the lease revenue bonds is \$201,186,436. Principal and interest paid for the current year and lease revenues were \$5,306,495.

	Beginning Balance	Increase	s	Decreases	Ending Balance	nounts Due Vithin One Year
Lease revenue bonds Debt premium	\$ 109,801,951 1,160,647	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 2,915,000 38,054	\$ 106,886,951 1,122,593	2,930,000
Total	\$ 110,962,598	\$		\$ 2,953,054	\$ 108,009,544	\$ 2,930,000

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

<u>Years</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 2,930,000	\$ 2,337,299	\$ 5,267,299
2026	2,955,000	2,279,528	5,234,528
2027	2,990,000	2,215,466	5,205,466
2028	3,010,000	2,145,086	5,155,086
2029	3,020,000	2,072,690	5,092,690
2030-2034	12,960,000	9,071,039	22,031,039
2035-2039	19,790,000	6,084,308	25,874,308
2040-2044	29,600,000	2,433,300	32,033,300
2045-2049	15,607,122	29,101,631	44,708,753
2050-2054	14,024,829	36,559,138	50,583,967
Total	<u>\$106,886,951</u>	<u>\$ 94,299,485</u>	<u>\$201,186,436</u>

f. Net Position

Net Investment in Capital Assets:		
Land and land improvements	\$	1,992,606
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		105,475,800
Less capital-related debt	(106,886,951)
Plus unspent bond proceeds		8,380,931
Less unamortized premium		(1,122,593)
	_	
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	7,839,793

g. Receivable

The Authority has entered into two long-term agreements with Brown County, Wisconsin, which end on the latest stated maturity date of any bonds issued to finance the development costs of the Brown County Resch Center Project and the Brown County Expo Center. At December 31, 2024, the Authority has recognized a receivable equal to the outstanding lease revenue bonds of \$106,886,951. Because payments will be received in the future to finance future principal and interest maturities, the receivable is offset by unearned revenue to indicate these receivables are not available to finance current expenditures of the Authority.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,040,502 in contributions from the Village.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer	
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.80 %	6.80 %	
Protective with Social Security	6.80	13.20	
Protective without Social Security	6.80	18.10	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a liability of \$1,143,859 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Village's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Village's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the Village's proportion was 0.07693399%, which was an increase of 0.00088139% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Village recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$699,363.

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	4,612,028	\$ 6,108,660
Changes in assumptions		498,575	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,986,163	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,220	11,739
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,181,163	
Total	\$	10,281,149	\$ 6,120,399

\$1,181,163 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)
2025	\$ 608,748
2026	638,026
2027	2,500,329
2028	(767,516)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2022

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2023

Experience Study: January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020

Published November 19, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 6.8%

Discount Rate: 6.8%

Salary Increases:

Wage Inflation 3.0%

Seniority/Merit 0.1% - 5.6%

Mortality: 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Postretirement Adjustments*: 1.7%

* No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns* as of December 31, 2023

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**
Public Equity	40	7.3	4.5
Public Fixed Income	27	5.8	3.0
Inflation Sensitive	19	4.4	1.7
Real Estate	8	5.8	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	18	9.6	6.7
Leverage***	(12)	3.7	1.0
Total Core Fund	100	7.4	4.6
Variable Fund Asset			
U.S. Equities	70	6.8	4.0
International Equities	30	7.6	4.8
Total Variable Fund	100	7.3	4.5

^{*} Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

^{**} New England Pension Consultants' Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.7%

^{***} The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Village's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Rate (5.8%)			Current scount Rate (6.8%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.8%)	
Village's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	11,055,951	\$	1,143,859	\$	(5,792,051)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

At December 31, 2024, the Village reported a payable to the pension plan which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. The Village purchases commercial insurance to provide coverage for losses from (torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omission; and workers compensation). However, other risks, such as health and dental care are accounted for and financed by the Village in internal service funds.

Self Insurance

For health insurance claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$75,000 per incident and \$77,500 in the aggregate for a policy year. The Village has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

For dental insurance claims, the uninsured risk of loss is \$75,000 per incident and \$77,500 in the aggregate for a policy year. The Village has purchased commercial insurance for claims in excess of those amounts. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

All funds of the Village participate in the risk management program.

A liability for a claim is established if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss is reasonably estimable. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. The Village does not allocate overhead costs or other nonincremental costs to the claims liability.

Claims Liability

	Health Insurance	Dental Insurance	Total
Unpaid Claims, December 31, 2022	\$ 229,117	\$ 12,011	\$ 241,128
Claim payments Current year claims and changes in estimates	1,182,882 (1,161,603)	140,101 (139,520)	1,322,983 (1,301,123)
Unpaid Claims, December 31, 2023	250,396	12,592	262,988
Claim payments Current year claims and changes in estimates	1,554,792 (1,542,424)	136,715 (136,514)	1,691,507 (1,678,938)
Unpaid Claims, December 31, 2024	\$ 262,764	\$ 12,793	\$ 275,557

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the Village is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the Village attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Village's financial position or results of operations.

The Village has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The Village has active construction projects as of December 31, 2024. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Tax Abatement

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The Village is disclosing all abatement agreements individually.

The Village through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) No. 3 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with a developer in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlates to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the current year equalized value less the development base value of \$20,396,951. Then the TIF annual increment is multiplied against the current year assessed tax rate per thousand to calculate the current year TIF incremental taxes. The annual increment is then reduced by an annual Village debt service commitment to calculate a net TIF increment, and the developer commitment includes creating a minimum development valuation of \$20,396,951 and paying all property taxes due. Incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$1,306,531.

The Village through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) No. 3 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with a developer in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlates to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the current year assessment value less the development base value of \$13,296,900. Then the annual increment is multiplied against the current year assessed tax rate per thousand to calculate the current year TIF incentive payment and the developer commitment includes creating a minimum development valuation of \$14,563,505 and paying all property taxes due. Incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$118,008. The development agreement has a cumulative payout maximum of \$750,000 or ten years, whichever comes first.

The Village through its Tax Incremental Financing District (TID) No. 5 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with a developer in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the TID project plan. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlates to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the current year equalized value less the development base value of \$383,451. Then the annual increment is multiplied against the current year assessed tax rate per thousand to calculate the current year TIF incentive payment and the developer commitment includes creating a minimum development valuation of \$383,451 and paying all property taxes due. Incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$80,407.

The Village through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts (TID) No. 3 has entered into a tax abatement agreement with a developer in the form of a tax incremental financing incentive payment to stimulate economic development. The abatement is authorized through the the current year equalized value less the development base value of \$525,700. Then the annual increment is multiplied against the current year assessed tax rate per thousand to calculate the current year TIF increment taxes. The developer pays property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreement, is entitled to a future incentive payment that directly correlates to the taxes paid. The incentive is calculated based on the current year equalized value less the development base value of \$525,700. Then the annual increment is multiplied against the current year assessed tax rate per thousand to calculate the current year TIF incentive payment and the developer commitment includes creating a minimum development valuation of \$7,000,000 and paying all property taxes due. Incentive payments for the year ended December 31, 2024 were \$154,747.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
- Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.



Detailed Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original & Final		Variance With		
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget		
Taxes					
General property tax	\$ 11,247,780	\$ 11,229,754	\$ (18,026)		
Room tax	575,000	636,996	61,996		
Total taxes	11,822,780	11,866,750	43,970		
Special Assessments					
Curb, gutter and sidewalks		30	30		
Total special assessments		30	30		
Intergovernmental Revenues					
State shared revenues	936,819	963,828	27,009		
State aid, video service	43,325	43,325	-		
State aid, exempt computer aid	243,697	243,697	-		
State aid, personal property	141,818	141,818	-		
State aid, expenditure restraint	32,462	32,462			
State aid, rescue services	-	7,596	7,596		
State aid, other public safety operating	40,000	63,955	23,955		
State aid, transportation aid	1,203,204	1,248,508	45,304		
State aid, recycling	76,250	76,398	148		
State aid, fire insurance dues	118,000	137,617	19,617		
Payments for municipal services	11,892	27,762	15,870		
Local aid, school district	260,000	242,633	(17,367)		
Total intergovernmental revenues	3,107,467	3,229,599	122,132		
Licenses and Permits					
Liquor and malt beverage licenses	60,000	51,008	(8,992)		
Operators' licenses	26,000	36,415	10,415		
Cigarette licenses	2,100	2,100	-		
Weights and measures	46,000	42,732	(3,268)		
Peddlers	3,000	1,300	(1,700)		
Dog and cat licenses	-	612	612		
Other miscellaneous licenses	54,200	67,750	13,550		
Building permits	160,000	229,813	69,813		
Electrical permits	50,000	55,877	5,877		
Plumbing permits	55,000	68,072	13,072		
Sewer permits	3,500	5,250	1,750		
Other permits	18,550	37,056	18,506		
Zoning permits	2,500	1,200	(1,300)		
Heating permits	50,000	51,312	1,312		
Total licenses and permits	530,850	650,497	119,647		
Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties					
Court penalties	275,000	250,417	(24,583)		
Parking violations	24,000	33,025	9,025		
Total fines, forfeitures and penalties	299,000	283,442	(15,558)		

Detailed Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original & Final				Vari	ance With
	Budget			Actual	Fina	al Budget
Charges for Services Police, fire and rescue	\$	270,000	\$	291,116	\$	21,116
Fire protection fees	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	25,000	Ψ	21,110
Rescue		625,000		649,704		24,704
Fire inspections	· ·	96,000		7,032		(88,968)
False alarms		20,000		38,250		18,250
Snow removal		1,500		16		(1,484)
Other public safety		1,500		2,506		1,006
Public works charges		7,500		21,878		14,378
Recycling		- ,000		16,035		16,035
Swimming pool		79,100		92,347		13,247
Ashwaubomay lake		154,075		155,860		1,785
Adult recreation		65,682		82,510		16,828
Youth recreation programs		113,849		111,925		(1,924)
Co-Sponsored programs		62,978		78,385		15,407
Facility rentals		87,067		101,796		14,729
CSM and site plan fees		10,750		8,565		(2,185)
Forestry		3,000		3,097		97
Labor and service reimbursements		136,500		171,705		35,205
Weed and nuisance control		1,850		3,870		2,020
Sales of materials and supplies		9,000		11,935		2,935
Total charges for services	1,	772,851		1,873,532		100,681
Investment Income						
Interest on investments		675,000		1,031,132		356,132
Interest on special assessments		2,400		2,099		(301)
Interest on delinquent taxes		12,500		1,609		(10,891)
Total investment income		689,900		1,034,840		344,940
Miscellaneous Revenues						
Cable TV franchise fee		180,000		157,661		(22,339)
Rent		137,766		137,917		151
Donations		1,000		447		(553)
Insurance recoveries		50,000		111,333		61,333
Other miscellaneous		60,906		73,381		12,475
Total miscellaneous revenues		429,672		480,739		51,067
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	;	325,000		325,963		963
Transfers in, property tax equivalent	•	420,000		402,107		(17,893)
Sale of village property				2,714		2,714
Total other financing sources		745,000		730,784		(14,216)
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 19,	397,520	\$	20,150,213	\$	752,693

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	riginal & Final Budget	Actual		iance With al Budget
Current Expenditures				
General Government				
Village board/president	\$ 308,240	\$ 331,504	\$	(23,264)
Clerk	349,957	283,300		66,657
Other general government	147,790	577,415		(429,625)
Municipal court	176,143	157,623		18,520
Finance	478,848	448,257		30,591
Information technology	266,537	276,310		(9,773)
Legal counsel	288,195	279,972		8,223
Workers compensation insurance	240,000	257,856		(17,856)
Property and liability insurance	160,000	178,858		(18,858)
Unemployment	5,000	1,308		3,692
Assessment of property	100,723	95,432		5,291
Village hall	203,467	252,032		(48,565)
Communications	 62,911	 59,396		3,515
Total general government	 2,787,811	 3,199,263		(411,452)
Public Safety				
Police/fire/rescue	9,530,783	9,714,002		(183,219)
Fire inspection	103,175	91,956		11,219 [°]
Building inspection	 180,109	 172,280		7,829
Total public safety	 9,814,067	9,978,238		(164,171)
Public Works				
Engineering and administration	209,420	214,667		(5,247)
Garage	641,030	609,711		31,319
Street administration	198,322	204,790		(6,468)
Street maintenance	926,265	1,016,049		(89,784)
Curb and gutter	30,071	25,963		4,108
Traffic control	139,251	177,215		(37,964)
Sidewalk	20,148	8,669		11,479
Street lighting	496,940	471,225		25,715
Mass transit	173,704	151,879		21,825
School district maintenance	-	1,218		(1,218)
Labor for others	_	35		(35)
Snow and ice control	228,590	195,793		32,797
Total public works	 3,063,741	 3,077,214		(13,473)

Detailed Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses - Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

		riginal & Final Budget	Actual			iance With al Budget	
Health and Human Services							
Animal Control	\$	7,250	\$	6,708	\$	542	
Total health and human services		7,250		6,708		542	
Sanitation							
Garbage and refuse collection		419,169		496,667		(77,498)	
Sanitary landfill		245,000		255,868		(10,868)	
Recycling		194,614		162,364		32,250	
Weed and nuisance control		13,265		25,364		(12,099)	
Wood chipping		84,238		107,489		(23,251)	
Total sanitation	956,286			1,047,752		(91,466)	
Culture and Recreation							
Community center		160,129		145,374		14,755	
Performing arts center		121,413		125,700		(4,287)	
Co-Sponsored recreation		106,464		109,347		(2,883)	
Recreation administration		539,980		537,892		2,088	
Youth recreation programs		183,589		168,765		14,824	
Pool		136,546		128,552		7,994	
Ashwaubomay Lake		193,694		213,310		(19,616)	
Adult recreation		51,920		56,077		(4,157)	
Forestry		350,368		354,500		(4,132)	
Park maintenance		681,457		730,164	•		
Total leisure activities		2,525,560		2,569,681		(44,121)	
Conservation and Development							
Economic development		242,805		228,041		14,764	
Total conservation and development		242,805		228,041		14,764	
Other Financing Uses							
Transfers out				43,316		(43,316)	
Total other financing uses				43,316		(43,316)	
Total expenditures and other							
financing uses	\$	19,397,520	\$	20,150,213	\$	(752,693)	

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2024

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/24	0.07693399%	\$ 1,143,859	\$ 10,047,415	11.38%	98.85%
12/31/23	0.07605260%	4,029,041	9,473,034	42.53%	95.72%
12/31/22	0.07512114%	(6,054,902)	9,064,821	66.80%	106.02%
12/31/21	0.07493795%	(4,678,480)	9,021,949	51.86%	105.26%
12/31/20	0.07303385%	(2,354,944)	8,849,836	26.61%	102.96%
12/31/19	0.07023752%	2,498,830	8,419,687	29.68%	96.45%
12/31/18	0.06750817%	(2,004,397)	7,890,362	25.40%	102.93%
12/31/17	0.06647687%	547,928	7,617,565	7.19%	99.12%
12/31/16	0.06739019%	1,095,078	7,517,011	14.57%	98.20%
12/31/15	0.06847897%	(1,682,031)	7,482,338	22.48%	102.74%

Schedule of Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2024

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	F	ntractually Required ntributions	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the atractually dequired atributions	Def	ribution iciency ccess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/24	\$	1,181,163	\$	1,181,163	\$	-	\$ 10,906,933	10.83%
12/31/23		1,066,143		1,066,143		-	10,047,416	10.61%
12/31/22		911,405		911,405		-	9,473,034	9.62%
12/31/21		866,965		866,965		-	9,064,821	9.56%
12/31/20		857,732		857,732		-	9,021,949	9.51%
12/31/19		782,393		782,393		-	8,849,837	8.84%
12/31/18		760,178		760,178		-	8,419,687	9.03%
12/31/17		713,049		713,049		-	7,890,362	9.04%
12/31/16		629,582		629,582		-	7,617,565	8.26%
12/31/15		635,272		635,272		-	7,517,011	8.45%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2024

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The Village may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds action.

Appropriations lapse at year-end unless specifically carried over. There were no carryovers to the following year. Budgets are adopted at the sub-departmental level for the general fund and total expenditures for all other funds.

Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end and occurred within the fiscal year.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table





Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service (Major Fund)

Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 2,083,029	\$ 2,083,029	\$ -		
Total revenues	2,083,029	2,083,029			
Expenditures Debt service:					
Principal retirement	5,945,000	5,945,000	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,837,943	1,918,238	(80,295)		
Total expenditures	7,782,943	7,863,238	(80,295)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,699,914)	(5,780,209)	(80,295)		
Other Financing Sources					
Premium on debt	-	141,076	141,076		
Transfer in	5,699,676	5,778,365	78,689		
Total other financing sources	5,699,676	5,919,441	219,765		
Net change in fund balance	(238)	139,232	139,470		
Fund Balance, Beginning	476	476			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 238	\$ 139,708	\$ 139,470		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - TIF District No. 3 - Capital Projects Fund (Major Fund)
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 7,079,342	\$	7,079,342	\$	-	
Intergovernmental	1,069,134		1,069,134		-	
Miscellaneous	 		35,205		35,205	
Total revenues	 8,148,476		8,183,681		35,205	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Conservation and development	1,400,000		1,647,107		(247,107)	
Capital outlay	-		1,678,416		(1,678,416)	
Debt service:						
Interest and fiscal charges	 30,000		20,381		9,619	
Total expenditures	1,430,000		3,345,904		(1,915,904)	
Excess of revenues over						
expenditures	6,718,476		4,837,777		(1,880,699)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debt issued	-		1,175,000		1,175,000	
Premium on debt	-		53,553		53,553	
Sale of capital assets	-		129,100		129,100	
Transfers out	 (3,173,996)		(3,210,256)		(36,260)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (3,173,996)		(1,852,603)		1,321,393	
Net change in fund balance	3,544,480		2,985,174		(559,306)	
Fund Balance, Beginning	 3,999,730		3,999,730			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ \$ 7,544,210		6,984,904	\$	(559,306)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) - Budget and Actual - TIF District No. 5 - Capital Projects Fund (Major Fund)
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	;	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	1,106,935	\$ 1,106,935	\$	-	
Intergovernmental		4,303	4,303		-	
Miscellaneous revenues			 175,360		175,360	
Total revenues		1,111,238	 1,286,598		175,360	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Conservation and development		100,000	1,982,774		(1,882,774)	
Capital outlay		-	502,906		(502,906)	
Debt service:			50.070		(50.070)	
Interest and fiscal charges			 52,970		(52,970)	
Total expenditures		100,000	 2,538,650		(2,438,650)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		1,011,238	 (1,252,052)		(2,263,290)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Long-term debt issued		-	1,805,000		1,805,000	
Transfers out		(2,555,866)	(2,581,528)		(25,662)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,555,866)	(776,528)		1,779,338	
Net change in fund balances		(1,544,628)	(2,028,580)		(483,952)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning		(5,511,555)	(5,511,555)			
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$	(7,056,183)	\$ (7,540,135)	\$	(483,952)	



Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

					Special Re	evenue Funds				
	Park Development	Donations	Oneida Service Agreement	K-9 Program	DARE/ Liaison	Citizen's Academy	Cadet's Program	Excess Sales Tax Revenue	ARPA	Cable TV
Assets										
Cash and investments Receivables: Taxes Accounts Long-term receivable Advances to other funds	\$ 306,156 - - - -	\$ 13,512 - - - -	\$ 47,508 - - - -	\$ 53,864 - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 3,517 - - - -	\$ 7,441	\$ - - - - -	\$ 21,893 - - - -
Total assets	\$ 306,156	\$ 13,512	\$ 47,508	\$ 53,864	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,517	\$ 7,441	\$ -	\$ 21,893
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances										
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 34,661	\$ 2,168	26,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,517	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,886
Total liabilities	34,661	2,168	26,836				3,517	-		3,886
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for next period Unearned revenue	-	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances Restricted Committed	271,495	11,344	20,672	53,864	-	-	-	7,441	-	18,007
Total fund balances	271,495	11,344	20,672	53,864	<u> </u>			7,441		18,007
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 306,156	\$ 13,512	\$ 47,508	\$ 53,864	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 3,517	\$ 7,441	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 21,893

Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
December 31, 2024

						С	apita	l Project Fund	ds						Total	
		Street nstruction		TIF District No. 4		Village Recreation Buildings Projects		Public Safety		Land Sales & Acquisitions		NFL Draft		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets																
Cash and investments Receivables: Taxes Accounts Long-term receivable Advances to other funds	\$	940,698 750,000 - - -	\$	893,446 1,296,660 44,905 - 2,378,593	\$	749,202 - - - -	\$	490,150 - 100,000 460,000 -	\$	17,213 - - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	72,872 - - - -	\$	3,617,472 2,046,660 144,905 460,000 2,378,593
Total assets	\$	1,690,698	\$	4,613,604	\$	749,202	\$	1,050,150	\$	17,213	\$		\$	72,872	\$	8,647,630
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances																
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	7,098	•	98,090	\$	12,348	œ.	3,300	e	17,212	¢		¢	100	e	209,238
Accounts payable	Ф.		\$		Ф		\$		\$		\$		\$	122	\$	
Total liabilities		7,098	-	98,090		12,348		3,300		17,212				122		209,238
Deferred Inflows of Resources Property taxes levied for next period Unearned revenue		750,000 -		1,296,660		<u>-</u>		460,000		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		2,046,660 460,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		750,000		1,296,660		-		460,000		-		-				2,506,660
Fund Balances Restricted Committed		933,600		3,218,854		- 736,854		- 586,850		- 1		- -		- 72,750		3,555,557 2,376,175
Total fund balances		933,600		3,218,854		736,854		586,850		1				72,750		5,931,732
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	1,690,698	\$	4,613,604	\$	749,202	\$	1,050,150	\$	17,213	\$		\$	72,872	\$	8,647,630

Fund Balance, Ending

Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

<u>-</u>					Special Rev	venue Funds				
	Park Development Funds	Donations	Oneida Service Agreement	K-9 Program	DARE Liaison Program	Citizens Academy	Cadet's Program	Excess Sales Tax Revenue	ARPA	Cable TV
Revenues										
	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,400	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	278,386	-	-	-	-	-	661,854	-
Public charges for services	161,018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	15,684	-	-	1,942	10	104	94	-	-	-
Donations	-	35,278	-	2,130	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	-						448			15,000
Total revenues	176,702	35,278	278,386	4,072	10	104	542	2,400	661,854	15,000
Expenditures Current:										
General government	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	-	-	-	2,922	2,432	3,947	5,191	-	_	_
Conservation and development	-	-	-	-	· -	· <u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	-	_	_
Capital outlay	304,308	30,670	270,918	-	-	-	-	227	511,854	35,491
Debt service:										
Interest and fiscal charges										
Total expenditures	304,308	30,670	270,918	2,922	2,432	3,947	5,191	227	511,854	35,491
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(127,606)	4,608	7,468	1,150	(2,422)	(3,843)	(4,649)	2,173	150,000	(20,491)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Long-term debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	2,000	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	<u> </u>	(963)							(150,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(963)			2,000				(150,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(127,606)	3,645	7,468	1,150	(422)	(3,843)	(4,649)	2,173	-	(20,491)
Fund Balance, Beginning	399,101	7,699	13,204	52,714	422	3,843	4,649	5,268		38,498

7,441 \$

\$ 271,495 \$ 11,344 \$ 20,672 \$ 53,864 \$

Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended December 31, 2024

			(Capital Project Fu	nds				
	Street Construction	TIF District No. 4	Village Buildings	Parks and Recreation Projects	Public Safety	Land Sales & Acquisitions	NFL Draft	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 725,000	0 \$ 1,524,613	\$ 25,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,277,013	
Intergovernmental		- 94,600	-	129,932	-	-	-	1,164,772	
Public charges for services			-	-	-	-	-	161,018	
Investment income			-	-	-	-	-	17,834	
Donations			-	11,285	-	-	-	48,693	
Miscellaneous	-	<u> </u>		120,183				135,631	
Total revenues	725,000	1,619,213	25,000	261,400				3,804,961	
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government		- 6,060	_	_	-	-	-	6,060	
Public safety			-	-	-	-	-	14,492	
Conservation and development			_	_	-	-	24,135	24,135	
Capital outlay	1,059,279	50,330	103,560	346,090	-	-	· -	2,712,727	
Debt service:									
Interest and fiscal charges	5,538	870	4,966	10,025				21,399	
Total expenditures	1,064,81	57,260	108,526	356,115			24,135	2,778,813	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(339,81	7) 1,561,953	(83,526)	(94,715)			(24,135)	1,026,148	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Long-term debt issued	329,000	-	295,000	605,000	-	-	-	1,229,000	
Premium on debt	5,538	-	4,966	11,631	-	-	-	22,135	
Transfers in			-	-	-	-	96,885	98,885	
Transfers (out)		- (311,581)	<u> </u>			(55,569)		(518,113)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	334,538	311,581)	299,966	616,631		(55,569)	96,885	831,907	
Net change in fund balance	(5,279	9) 1,250,372	216,440	521,916	-	(55,569)	72,750	1,858,055	
Fund Balance, Beginning	938,879	9 1,968,482	520,414	64,934	1	55,569		4,073,677	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 933,600	0 \$ 3,218,854	\$ 736,854	\$ 586,850	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ 72,750	\$ 5,931,732	



Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Park Development - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	а	Original nd Final Budget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues Public charges for services, park impact fees	\$	100,000	\$ 161,018	\$	61,018	
Investment income		7,500	 15,684		8,184	
Total revenues		107,500	176,702		69,202	
Expenditures Capital outlay		200,000	304,308		(104,308)	
Total expenditures		200,000	 304,308		(104,308)	
Net change in fund balance		(92,500)	(127,606)		(35,106)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		399,101	399,101			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	306,601	\$ 271,495	\$	(35,106)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Donations - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	an	Priginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues						
Donations	\$	15,000	\$ 35,278	\$	20,278	
Total revenues		15,000	 35,278		20,278	
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		15,000	30,670		(15,670)	
Total expenditures		15,000	 30,670		(15,670)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		<u>-</u>	4,608		4,608	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		_	 (963)		(963)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(963)		(963)	
Net change in fund balance		-	3,645		3,645	
Fund Balance, Beginning		7,699	 7,699			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	7,699	\$ 11,344	\$	3,645	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Oneida Service Agreement - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	a	Original nd Final Budget	Actual	ance With al Budget
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$	254,718	\$ 278,386	\$ 23,668
Total revenues		254,718	 278,386	 23,668
Expenditures Capital outlay		262,186	270,918	 (8,732)
Total expenditures		262,186	 270,918	(8,732)
Net change in fund balance		(7,468)	7,468	14,936
Fund Balance, Beginning		13,204	 13,204	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	5,736	\$ 20,672	\$ 14,936

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - K-9 Program - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	aı	Priginal nd Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues						
Investment income	\$	750	\$	1,942	\$	1,192
Donations				2,130		2,130
Total revenues		750		4,072		3,322
Expenditures Current:						
Public safety		3,000		2,922		78
Total expenditures		3,000		2,922		78
Net change in fund balance		(2,250)		1,150		3,400
Fund Balance, Beginning		52,714		52,714		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	50,464	\$	53,864	\$	3,400

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - DARE Liaison Program - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	and	ginal I Final Idget	A	Actual		ance With Il Budget
Revenues	•	0.5	•	40	•	(45)
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	25 4,000	\$	10 	\$	(15) (4,000)
Total revenues		4,025		10		(4,015)
Expenditures Current:						
Public safety		4,000		2,432		1,568
Total expenditures		4,000		2,432		1,568
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		25		(2,422)		(2,447)
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in				2,000		2,000
Total other financing sources				2,000		2,000
Net change in fund balance		25		(422)		(447)
Fund Balance, Beginning		422		422		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	447	\$		\$	(447)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Citizens Academy - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	an	Original and Final Budget Actual				Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues Investment income	\$	100	\$	104	\$	4		
Total revenues		100		104		4		
Expenditures Current: Public safety		700		3,947		(3,247)		
Total expenditures		700		3,947		(3,247)		
Net change in fund balance		(600)		(3,843)		(3,243)		
Fund Balance, Beginning		3,843		3,843				
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	3,243	\$		\$	(3,243)		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Cadet's Program - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	ar	Original and Final Budget Actual			Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues							
Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	180 -	\$	94 448	\$	(86) 448	
Total revenues		180		542		362	
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety		3,000		5,191		(2,191)	
Total expenditures		3,000		5,191		(2,191)	
Net change in fund balance		(2,820)		(4,649)		(1,829)	
Fund Balance, Beginning		4,649		4,649			
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,829	\$	-	\$	(1,829)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - American Rescue Plan Act - Special Revenue Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 661,854	\$ 661,854
Total revenues		661,854	661,854
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	590,013	511,854	78,159
Total expenditures	590,013	511,854	78,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(590,013)	150,000	740,013
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers (out)		(150,000)	150,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(150,000)	150,000
Net change in fund balance	(590,013)	-	740,013
Fund Balance, Beginning			
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$ (590,013)	\$ -	\$ 590,013



Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Deficit) - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Street Construction - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		and Final		iance With al Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	725,000	\$	725,000	\$ 		
Total revenues		725,000		725,000	 		
Expenditures							
Capital outlay		961,933		1,059,279	(97,346)		
Debt service:							
Interest and fiscal charges				5,538	(5,538)		
Total expenditures		961,933		1,064,817	 (102,884)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		(236,933)		(339,817)	(102,884)		
Other Financing Sources Long-term debt issued Premium on debt issued		<u>-</u>		329,000 5,538	 329,000 5,538		
Total other financing sources				334,538	334,538		
Net change in fund balance		(236,933)		(5,279)	231,654		
Fund Balance, Beginning		938,879		938,879	 		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	701,946	\$	933,600	\$ 231,654		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - TIF District No. 4 - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		riance With nal Budget
Revenues					
Taxes Intergovernmental	\$	1,524,613 94,600	\$	1,524,613 94,600	\$ <u>-</u>
Total revenues		1,619,213		1,619,213	
Expenditures Current:					
General government Capital outlay Debt service:		50,000		6,060 50,330	(6,060) (330)
Interest and fiscal charges				870	(870)
Total expenditures		50,000		57,260	 (7,260)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,569,213		1,561,953	(7,260)
Other Financing Uses Transfers out		(3,580,745)		(311,581)	3,269,164
Total other financing uses		(3,580,745)		(311,581)	 3,269,164
Net change in fund balance		(2,011,532)		1,250,372	3,261,904
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,968,482		1,968,482	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Ending	\$	(43,050)	\$	3,218,854	\$ 3,261,904

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Village Buildings - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues			_	
Taxes	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	<u> </u>	
Total revenues	25,000	25,000		
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	298,000	103,560	194,440	
Debt service:		4.000	(4.000)	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	4,966	(4,966)	
Total expenditures	298,000	108,526	189,474	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(273,000)	(83,526)	189,474	
Other Financing Sources				
Long-term debt issued	-	295,000	295,000	
Premium on debt		4,966	4,966	
Total other financing sources		299,966	299,966	
Net change in fund balance	(273,000)	216,440	489,440	
Fund Balance, Beginning	520,414	520,414		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 247,414	\$ 736,854	\$ 489,440	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Parks and Recreation Projects - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		iance With nal Budget
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	50,000	\$	129,932	\$ 79,932
Donations		-		11,285	11,285
Miscellaneous		19,959		120,183	 100,224
Total revenues		69,959		261,400	 191,441
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		112,629		346,090	(233,461)
Debt service					
Interest and fiscal charges				10,025	 (10,025)
Total expenditures		112,629		356,115	 (243,486)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures		(42,670)		(94,715)	(52,045)
Other Financing Sources					
Long-term debt issued		-		605,000	605,000
Premium on debt				11,631	11,631
Total other financing sources				616,631	 616,631
Net change in fund balance		(42,670)		521,916	564,586
Fund Balance, Beginning		64,934		64,934	
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	22,264	\$	586,850	\$ 564,586

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Public Safety - Capital Projects Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Orig and Buo	Act	ual	Variance With Final Budget		
Revenues	\$		\$		\$	
Expenditures						
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning		1		1		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-



Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds
December 31, 2024

	Self Funded Dental Insurance		Self Funded Health Insurance		Equipment Replacement	 Total
Assets						
Current Assets						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 	144,414 	\$ 	940,592 70,490	\$ 2,120,437 	\$ 3,205,443 70,490
Total current assets		144,414		1,011,082	2,120,437	 3,275,933
Noncurrent Assets						
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	11,533,195 (7,568,007)	 11,533,195 (7,568,007)
Total noncurrent assets				<u>-</u>	3,965,188	 3,965,188
Total assets		144,414		1,011,082	6,085,625	 7,241,121
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable Claims payable		1,320 12,793		18,000 262,764	5,862 	 25,182 275,557
Total current liabilities		14,113		280,764	5,862	 300,739
Noncurrent Liabilities						
General obligation debt payable Unamortized premium		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	1,716,000 28,887	 1,716,000 28,887
Total noncurrent liabilities				<u>-</u>	1,744,887	 1,744,887
Total liabilities		14,113		280,764	1,750,749	 2,045,626
Net Position					2 220 204	2 220 204
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		130,301		730,318	2,220,301 2,114,575	 2,220,301 2,975,194
Total net position	\$	130,301	\$	730,318	\$ 4,334,876	\$ 5,195,495

Village of Ashwaubenon
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Self-Funded Dental Insurance	Self-Funded Health Insurance	Equipment Replacement	Total
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 158,455	\$ 2,540,317	\$ 911,139	\$ 3,609,911
Total operating revenues	158,455	2,540,317	911,139	3,609,911
Operating Expenses				
Insurance claims and administration Depreciation expense	142,593	2,399,708	911,139	2,542,301 911,139
Depresiation expense			011,100	311,100
Total operating expenses	142,593	2,399,708	911,139	3,453,440
Operating income	15,862	140,609		156,471
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Gain on sale of capital assets Debt issuance costs	-	-	129,573	129,573
Debt issuance costs	_	_	(28,887)	(28,887)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)			100,686	100,686
Income before transfers	15,862	140,609	100,686	257,157
Transfers in	-	-	150,000	150,000
Change in net position	15,862	140,609	250,686	407,157
Net Position, Beginning	114,439	589,709	4,084,190	4,788,338
Net Position, Ending	\$ 130,301	\$ 730,318	\$ 4,334,876	\$ 5,195,495

Combining Statement of Cash Flows -Internal Service Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Self-Funded Dental Insurance			Self-Funded Health Insurance		Equipment Replacement		Total	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Received from customers Paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$	158,592 (141,072)	\$	2,586,200 (2,379,929)	\$	911,139 <u>-</u>	\$	3,655,931 (2,521,001)	
Net cash flows from operating activities		17,520		206,271		911,139		1,134,930	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Transfer in						150,000		150,000	
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities			_			150,000		150,000	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and construction of capital assets Debt issuance costs Proceeds from debt issued Premium on debt issued		- - -		- - - -		(1,395,740) (28,887) 1,716,000 28,887		(1,395,740) (28,887) 1,716,000 28,887	
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities						320,260		320,260	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		17,520		206,271		1,381,399		1,605,190	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		126,894		734,321		739,038		1,600,253	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	144,414	\$	940,592	\$	2,120,437	\$	3,205,443	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash From Operating Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided from operating activities: Depreciation expense Changes in assets and liabilities: Other accounts receivable Accounts payable	\$	15,862 - 137 1,521	\$	140,609 - 45,883 19,779	\$	911,139 - -	\$	156,471 911,139 46,020 21,300	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	17,520	\$	206,271	\$	911,139	\$	1,134,930	

Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities

None



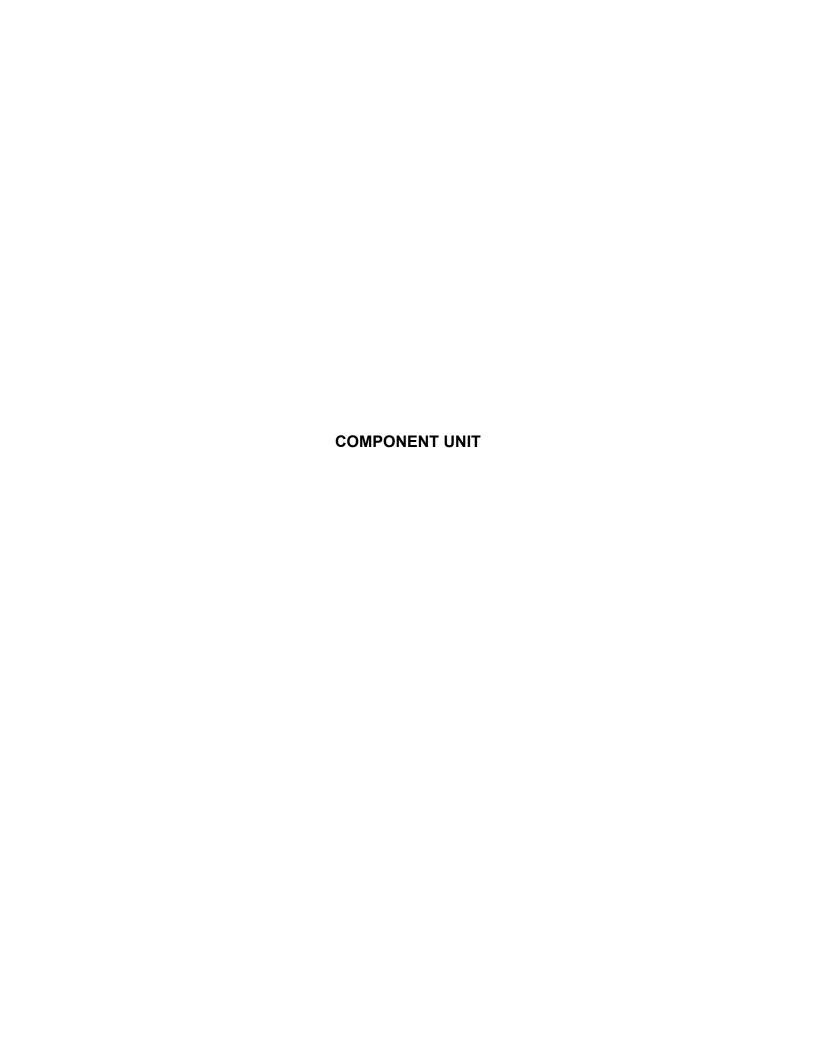
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Custodial Funds December 31, 2024

Parks and Recreation

	Та	x Collection	Scholarships	Sunshine Club	 Total
Assets Cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	13,724,143 18,264,054	\$ 31 	\$ 1,369 	\$ 13,725,543 18,264,054
Total assets		31,988,197	31	1,369	 31,989,597
Liabilities Due to other governmental units		31,988,197			31,988,197
Total liabilities		31,988,197			 31,988,197
Net Position Restricted	\$	-	\$ 31	\$ 1,369	\$ 1,400

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Custodial Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Ta	x Collection	Re	rks and creation olarships	Suns	hine Club	 Total	
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments Miscellaneous	\$	21,689,792	\$	-	\$	- 1,525	\$ 21,689,792 1,525	
Total additions		21,689,792				1,525	 21,691,317	
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments Program payments Operating supplies		21,689,792		- 80 -		- - 156	21,689,792 80 156	
Total deductions		21,689,792		80		156	21,690,028	
Change in fiduciary net position		-		(80)		1,369	1,289	
Net Position, Beginning				111			 111	
Net Position, Ending	\$		\$	31	\$	1,369	\$ 1,400	



Village of Ashwaubenon
Balance Sheet -Community Development Authority December 31, 2024

	Community Development Authority			
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 1,853,941			
Restricted assets:	0 200 021			
Cash and investments Lease receivable	8,380,931 106,886,951			
Lease receivable	100,000,931			
Total assets	\$ 117,121,823			
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unearned revenues	<u>\$ 106,886,951</u>			
Fund Balance				
Restricted	8,380,931			
Unassigned	1,853,941			
Total fund balance	10,234,872			
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 117,121,823			
Fund balance from above	\$ 10,234,872			
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported above	107,468,406			
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund:				
Lease revenue bonds	(106,886,951)			
Debt premium	(1,122,593)			
Accrued interest	(194,999)			
Net position of the discretely presented component unit as reported on the				
Statement of Net Position	\$ 9,498,735			

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Community Development Authority
Year Ended December 31, 2024

	De	ommunity velopment Authority
Revenues Intergovernmental charges for services Investment Income Miscellaneous revenues	\$	5,306,495 479,173 64,629
Total revenues		5,850,297
Expenditures Capital outlay Debt service:		11,611
Principal repaid Interest and fiscal charges		2,915,000 2,391,495
Total expenditures		5,318,106
Income before other financing sources		532,191
Other Financing Sources Sale of capital assets		1,306,719
Total other financing sources		1,306,719
Net change in fund balance		1,838,910
Total Fund Balance, Beginning		8,395,962
Total Fund Balance, Ending	\$	10,234,872
Net change in fund balance from above	\$	1,838,910
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Net Position the costs of these assets are capitalized and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives with depreciation expense reported in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Less some items are reported as capital outlay but are not capitalized Net book value of assets disposed of Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Debt and lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt		11,611 (11,611) (350,300) (2,685,977)
increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal retired		2,915,000
Some expenses in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.		
Accrued interest on long-term debt Amortization of bond premium		3,116 38,054
Change in net position of discretely presented component unit as reported on the Statement of Activities	\$	1,758,803

Statement of Cash Flows -Community Development Authority Year Ended December 31, 2024

Cash Flows From Operating Activities Lease revenue received Paid to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 5,372,569 (11,611)
Net cash flows from operating activities	 5,360,958
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities Principal paid on lease revenue bonds Interest and fiscal charges paid on lease revenue bonds Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(2,915,000) (2,391,495) 1,306,719
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities	 (3,999,776)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investment income	 479,173
Net cash flows from investing activities	 479,173
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	1,840,355
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	 8,394,517
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 10,234,872
Reconciliation of Net Revenue to Net Cash From Operating Activities Net revenue Adjustments to reconcile net revenue to net cash provided from operating activities: Depreciation expense Nonoperating income Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred inflows:	\$ 2,625,679 2,685,977 47,857
inflows: Lease receivable Accounts receivable Unearned revenues Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 2,915,000 1,445 (2,915,000) 5,360,958
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position Cash and investments Restricted cash and investments	\$ 1,853,941 8,380,931
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 10,234,872
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Amortization of bond premium	\$ 38,054

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Village of Ashwaubenon's annual comprehensive financial report presents thorough information as a framework for understanding what the information in the financial statements note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the overall financial wellbeing of the Village.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Village's financial performance and well-being have changed over times.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Village's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Village's current levels of outstanding debt and the Village's ability to issue new debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Village's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Village's financial report relates to the services the Village provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is obtained from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the given year. The Village implemented GASB 34 in 2004; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2015 (1)	2016 (1)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 29,075,604 4,418,650 (5,795,768)	\$ 28,528,099 454,056 (3,092,346)	\$ 30,907,797 379,747 (1,361,855)	\$ 35,242,056 2,183,193 (4,651,600)	\$ 32,701,356 1,268,033 (761,796)	\$ 36,262,407 4,915,116 (5,478,620)	\$ 39,138,442 8,458,903 (6,783,438)	\$ 45,753,592 10,821,426 (12,208,047)	\$ 40,605,252 6,103,144 2,846,255	\$ 52,030,272 10,696,664 (7,394,629)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 27,698,486	\$ 25,889,809	\$ 29,925,689	\$ 32,773,649	\$ 33,207,593	\$ 35,698,903	\$ 40,813,907	\$ 44,366,971	\$ 49,554,651	\$ 55,332,307
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 30,741,663 390,269 15,036,809	\$ 31,525,188 125,247 16,319,924	\$ 31,162,272 130,056 16,800,023	\$ 32,864,073 288,289 14,741,989	\$ 32,318,623 139,674 16,123,672	\$ 32,635,643 294,038 14,840,123	\$ 32,393,139 462,497 13,760,157	\$ 32,736,406 579,723 12,497,494	\$ 32,673,160 139,674 12,829,991	\$ 32,656,636 139,674 11,843,951
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 46,168,741	\$ 47,970,359	\$ 48,092,351	\$ 47,894,351	\$ 48,581,969	\$ 47,769,804	\$ 46,615,793	\$ 45,813,623	\$ 45,642,825	\$ 44,640,261
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 59,817,267 4,808,919 9,241,041	\$ 60,053,287 579,303 13,227,578	\$ 62,070,069 509,803 15,438,168	\$ 68,106,129 2,471,482 10,090,389	\$ 65,019,979 1,407,707 15,361,876	\$ 68,898,050 5,209,154 9,361,503	\$ 71,531,581 8,921,400 6,976,719	\$ 78,489,998 11,401,149 289,447	\$ 73,278,412 6,242,818 15,676,246	\$ 84,686,908 10,836,338 4,449,322
Total primary government net position	\$ 73,867,227	\$ 73,860,168	\$ 78,018,040	\$ 80,668,000	\$ 81,789,562	\$ 83,468,707	\$ 87,429,700	\$ 90,180,594	\$ 95,197,476	\$ 99,972,568

(1) The Village restated governmental activities net position for December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016 to recognize the following adjustments: Total governmental activities net position.

Total governmental activities net positi	tion,	
previously reported	\$ 24,296,923	\$ 7,890,431
Add: Building referendum costs		
capitalized in 2017	3,401,563	18,126,982
Less: County bridge aid distribution	-	(127,604)
Total governmental activities net		
position, restated	\$ 27,698,486	\$ 25,889,809

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2015 (1)	2016 (1)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,707,274	\$ 1,910,506	\$ 3,102,331	\$ 1,692,456	\$ 2,035,135	\$ 3,596,968	\$ 3,020,839	\$ 3,171,693	\$ 3,141,238	\$ 3,292,177
Public safety	8,308,914	8,546,048	8,731,419	8,772,364	9,256,779	7,982,854	8,944,672	8,811,828	10,853,760	9,765,508
Public works	3,883,179	5,490,150	4,033,188	5,392,466	4,318,131	4,260,523	4,050,884	5,033,907	5,595,638	6,022,179
Sanitation and health	780,401	849,552	866,189	885,251	965,456	504,375	477,234	466,175	507,584	979,351
Culture and recreation	995,752	2,224,500	2,277,119	2,098,884	2,237,718	1,533,753	1,773,636	2,127,471	2,303,399	3,230,049
Conservation and development	4,871,686	865,853	316,068	217,371	5,746,980	2,923,790	1,089,833	4,800,360	6,947,469	4,100,126
Interest and fiscal charges	626,481	1,244,176	976,311	1,346,289	1,651,741	1,679,553	1,687,649	1,701,360	1,858,886	1,963,091
Total governmental activities expenses	22,173,687	21,130,785	20,302,625	20,405,081	26,211,940	22,481,816	21,044,747	26,112,794	31,207,974	29,352,481
Business-type activities:										
Water	4,706,635	4,941,829	4,870,221	4,872,656	4,928,128	4,930,080	5,620,578	5,395,857	5,381,600	5,917,192
Sewer	5,226,361	5,403,759	5,491,463	5,676,529	5,561,794	6,012,999	6,329,728	6,301,485	6,678,847	7,267,059
Storm Water	601,595	601,661	567,974	738,038	664,273	825,044	815,343	1,056,489	1,126,524	1,336,336
Total business-type activities expenses	10,534,591	10,947,249	10,929,658	11,287,223	11,154,195	11,768,123	12,765,649	12,753,831	13,186,971	14,520,587
Total primary government expenses	\$ 32,708,278	\$ 32,078,034	\$ 31,232,283	\$ 31,692,304	\$ 37,366,135	\$ 34,249,939	\$ 33,810,396	\$ 38,866,625	\$ 44,394,945	\$ 43,873,068
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$ 1,090,577	\$ 1,098,285	\$ 629,396	\$ 518,570	\$ 669,222	\$ 847,737	\$ 963,402	\$ 1,327,232	\$ 1,240,610	\$ 1,450,572
Public safety	1,401,964	1,431,250	1,226,485	1,442,263	1,200,247	992,485	1,062,991	1,166,768	1,305,654	1,159,250
Public works	10,727	6,907	91,375	26,633	77,207	2,892	4,425	80,549	115,507	92,609
Sanitation and health	26,210	14,176	· -	7,998	-	4,529	4,078	1,730	2,310	3,870
Culture and recreation	433,813	460,648	516,275	613,647	617,207	232,329	394,254	480,253	541,399	564,621
Conservation and development	· -	-	75,387	209,511	2,137,222	8,490	14,168	9,570	9,450	8,565
Operating grants and contributions	1,144,694	1,078,195	1,135,579	1,411,215	1,189,862	1,390,164	1,556,320	3,528,652	5,672,680	2,360,542
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	588,518	· · · · -	434,361	476,000	-	370,104	-	15,000
Total governmental activities program revenue	4,107,985	4,089,461	4,263,015	4,229,837	6,325,328	3,954,626	3,999,638	6,964,858	8,887,610	5,655,029
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	4,657,257	4,813,711	4,644,860	4,627,443	4,820,600	3,809,026	4,115,068	4,457,760	5,179,451	5,237,198
Sewer	5,076,834	5,366,450	5,242,135	5,261,758	5,616,711	4,870,069	5,420,502	5,425,165	5,558,012	5,962,375
Storm Water	1,340,490	1,355,516	1,326,896	1,415,050	1,496,624	1,353,822	1,276,202	1,384,867	1,332,111	1,383,360
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	124,235	-	-	-	168,404		120,000	
Capital grants and contributions	_	267,716	10,279	_	63,117	830,199	62,234	555,404	192,328	202,268
Total business-type activities program revenue	11,074,581	11,803,393	11,348,405	11,304,251	11,997,052	10,863,116	11,042,410	11,823,196	12,381,902	12,785,201
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 15,182,566	\$ 15,892,854	\$ 15,611,420	\$ 15,534,088	\$ 18,322,380	\$ 14,817,742	\$ 15,042,048	\$ 18,788,054	\$ 21,269,512	\$ 18,440,230

(Continued on next page)

Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Continued	irom	previous	page)

	2015 (1)	2016 (1)	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$ (18,065,702)	\$ (17,041,324)	\$ (16,039,610)	\$ (16,175,244)	\$ (19,886,612)	\$ (18,527,190)	\$ (17,045,109)	\$ (19,147,936)	\$ (22,320,364)	\$ (23,697,452)
Business-type activities	539,990	856,144	418,747	17,028	842,857	(905,007)	(1,723,239)	(930,635)	(805,069)	(1,735,386)
Total primary government net revenue	\$ (17,525,712)	\$ (16,185,180)	\$ (15,620,863)	\$ (16,158,216)	\$ (19,043,755)	\$ (19,432,197)	\$ (18,768,348)	\$ (20,078,571)	\$ (23,125,433)	\$ (25,432,838)
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$ 13,075,725	\$ 13,292,522	\$ 14,952,993	\$ 16,080,122	\$ 16,341,592	\$ 17,274,880	\$ 18,093,115	\$ 18,542,297	\$ 22,012,067	\$ 23,773,323
Excess Stadium District sales tax	865,644	26,464	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other taxes	332,011	364,754	385,166	457,810	467,501	205,608	454,186	580,167	602,318	636,996
Unrestricted grants and contributions	801,474	781,781	1,786,884	1,554,142	2,256,431	2,429,414	2,311,968	2,676,207	2,799,172	3,282,783
Interest and investment earnings	97,772	104,948	70,365	206,853	276,623	220,372	49,752	129,649	1,251,806	1,052,674
Miscellaneous	583,473	1,432,762	2,535,550	817,819	512,848	425,961	1,301,202	351,697	425,760	327,225
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	3,139,690	-	-	(543,399)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	461,760	(770,584)	344,532	449,857	465,561	462,265	(50,110)	420,983	416,921	402,107
Total governmental activities	19,357,549	15,232,647	20,075,490	19,023,204	20,320,556	21,018,500	22,160,113	22,701,000	27,508,044	29,475,108
Business-type activities										
Interest and investment earnings	86,668	53,728	47,777	182,484	166,458	117,903	12,202	130,355	549,680	563,799
Miscellaneous	-	121,162	-	97,385	143,864	437,204	506,916	419,093	501,511	571,130
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	260,993	-	-	(45,040)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)	(461,760)	770,584	(344,532)	(449,857)	(465,561)	(462,265)	50,110	(420,983)	(416,921)	(402,107)
Total business-type activities	(114,099)	945,474	(296,755)	(215,028)	(155,239)	92,842	569,228	128,465	634,270	732,822
Total primary government	\$ 19,243,450	\$ 16,178,121	\$ 19,778,735	\$ 18,808,176	\$ 20,165,317	\$ 21,111,342	\$ 22,729,341	\$ 22,829,465	\$ 28,142,314	\$ 30,207,930
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ 1,291,847	\$ (1,808,677)	\$ 4,035,880	\$ 2,847,960	\$ 433,944	\$ 2,491,310	\$ 5,115,004	\$ 3,553,064	\$ 5,187,680	\$ 5,777,656
Business-type activities	425,891	1,801,618	121,992	(198,000)	687,618	(812,165)	(1,154,011)	(802,170)	(170,799)	(1,002,564)
Total primary government	\$ 1,717,738	\$ (7,059)	\$ 4,157,872	\$ 2,649,960	\$ 1,121,562	\$ 1,679,145	\$ 3,960,993	\$ 2,750,894	\$ 5,016,881	\$ 4,775,092

(1) The Village reduced culture and recreation expenses for referendum projects capitalized in 2017:

Culture and recreation expenses, previously reported\$ 3,644,452\$ 16,949,919Building costs capitalized in 2017(2,648,700)(14,725,419)Culture and recreation expenses, restated\$ 995,752\$ 2,224,500

(1) The Village reduced operating grants and contributions by a distribution from the County bridge fund previously recorded

 Operating grants and contributions, previously reported
 \$ 1,205,799

 Less: County bridge aid distribution
 (127,604)

 Operating grants and contributions, restated
 \$ 1,078,195

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Fund										
Non-spendable										
Noncurrent receivables	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 348,392	\$ 230,344	\$ 18,378	\$ -	\$ 745
Inventories and prepaid items	130,562	134,877	135,392	158,042	93,267	61,321	69,154	24,846	23,636	28,328
Restricted										
Bridge repairs	127,605	127,605	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety grants and forfeitures	35,971	45,535	30,115	34,598	99,737	99,738	94,993	114,383	111,132	107,654
Developer escrow funds	70,374	48,549	61,690	61,953	48,549	48,549	48,549	242,343	48,549	48,549
Committed										
Enhancing village buildings	-	-	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Replenish employee retirement fund	-	-	240,000	-	-	-	-	-	600,049	474,049
Capital improvements	-	-	1,821,810	821,810	276,288	-	-	-	· -	· -
Assigned				ŕ	ŕ					
Unassigned										
General fund	5,178,814	5,085,511	5,234,881	5,568,635	5,532,393	5,492,234	5,482,000	5,218,977	5,235,564	5,359,605
Total general fund	\$ 5,543,326	\$ 5,442,077	\$ 7,773,888	\$ 6,645,038	\$ 6,050,234	\$ 6,050,234	\$ 5,925,040	\$ 5,618,927	\$ 6,018,930	\$ 6,018,930
All Other Governmental Funds										
Non-spendable										
Prepaid items	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 73,165	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted										
Capital improvements	10,090,741	845,067	-	8,032,026	989,924	3,185,583	5,014,476	10,481,758	5,968,212	10,203,758
Debt service	-	-	161,522	161,522	79,899	84,101	84,531	2,410	476	139,708
Park development	149,676	192,153	154,664	163,336	192,503	271,709	247,803	301,377	399,101	271,495
Citizen donations	38,746	40,214	30,868	28,624	18,576	8,172	12,704	9,384	7,699	11,344
K-9 program	-	-	-	43,709	41,766	40,332	47,334	24,550	52,714	53,864
Debt relief, tax reduction, economic development	865,644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed										
Enhancing village streets	280	129	130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital improvements	414,292	635,041	362,864	789,616	1,000,136	753,379	702,538	640,870	1,593,000	2,277,977
Program expenditures	8,561	13,435	70,443	25,051	21,500	14,313	11,184	141,580	52,681	98,198
Economic development	388,185	26,369	31,838	39,807	45,297	46,503	46,651	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-	600,000	300,000	-	-	-	-
Unassigned										
Capital projects	(5,099,350)	(6,392,490)	(5,317,472)	(4,576,563)	(2,134,199)	(3,757,864)	(4,858,066)		(5,511,555)	(7,540,135)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 6,856,775	\$ (4,640,082)	\$ (4,505,143)	\$ 4,707,128	\$ 928,567	\$ 946,228	\$ 1,309,155	\$ 11,601,929	\$ 2,562,328	\$ 5,516,209

Notes: (1) Governmental Funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Project Funds.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 14,273,380	\$ 13,657,276	\$ 15,338,159	\$ 16,537,932	\$ 16,814,583	\$ 17,481,694	\$ 18,547,449	\$ 19,122,945	\$ 22,619,653	\$ 24,413,069
Intergovernmental	2,451,116	2,495,622	3,271,640	3,527,648	4,230,097	4,338,357	3,764,063	6,043,531	8,134,797	5,467,808
Licenses and permits	292,926	320,697	343,091	343,851	412,079	416,545	405,544	561,728	437,544	650,497
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	355,230	401,551	310,770	337,967	257,143	196,515	174,802	246,906	298,200	283,442
Public charges for services	1,707,781	1,735,448	1,951,596	2,020,050	1,855,777	1,199,558	1,768,658	1,895,015	2,133,075	2,034,550
Special assessments	-	2,204	35	2,416	2,990	960	-	5,222	30,918	30
Investment income	97,772	104,948	70,365	206,853	276,761	220,372	49,752	129,649	1,251,806	1,052,674
Donations	88,206	131,976	308,589	231,980	35,403	16,994	69,663	90,523	56,020	48,693
Miscellaneous	543,286	1,336,249	2,879,529	 594,839	 2,305,858	 437,313	 739,190	 1,055,230	 911,340	 826,935
Total revenues	19,809,697	20,185,971	24,473,774	 23,803,536	 26,190,691	 24,308,308	 25,519,121	29,150,749	 35,873,353	34,777,698
Expenditures										
General government	2,652,684	2,680,054	2,744,051	2,947,636	2,086,605	2,197,075	2,371,244	2,511,721	2,481,511	3,205,323
Public safety	7,755,899	7,814,474	7,959,252	8,234,568	8,623,708	8,056,723	8,890,526	9,314,836	9,646,854	9,992,730
Public works	2,277,818	2,422,266	2,470,955	2,490,453	2,593,891	2,361,335	2,385,289	2,799,665	3,021,555	3,077,214
Sanitation and health	743,907	817,771	843,128	904,804	955,048	858,806	863,724	972,401	968,578	1,054,460
Culture and recreation	1,413,024	1,452,289	1,602,999	1,705,452	1,850,104	1,593,960	1,829,015	2,056,428	2,254,770	2,569,681
Conservation and development	1,948,858	864,283	103,787	244,594	4,365,357	2,417,849	988,450	4,638,945	6,807,717	3,882,057
Debt service	-,,		,	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,,,,,	,	1,000,00	-,,	-,,
Principal	3,459,575	3,933,972	4,903,972	4,953,972	4,813,972	7,443,972	4,343,369	4,505,000	8,170,000	5,945,000
Interest	704,140	1,257,862	1,096,230	1,435,922	1,790,720	1,862,060	1,868,410	1,896,752	2,064,776	2,012,988
Capital outlay	10,753,243	21,976,304	3,432,100	 11,064,002	 15,573,519	 7,435,057	 3,182,476	 4,184,159	 9,704,580	4,894,049
Total expenditures	31,709,148	43,219,275	25,156,474	 33,981,403	 42,652,924	34,226,837	 26,722,503	32,879,907	45,120,341	36,633,502
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	(11,899,451)	(23,033,304)	(682,700)	 (10,177,867)	 (16,462,233)	 (9,918,529)	 (1,203,382)	 (3,729,158)	 (9,246,988)	 (1,855,804)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of capital assets	76,020	1,505	29,200	6,138	100	343,679	989,801	366,485	190,469	131,814
Debt issued	12,550,000	19,785,000	2,630,000	17,800,000	11,235,000	8,800,000	_	12,625,000	_	4,209,000
Payment to current noteholder	-	(9,500,000)	-	-	-	-	_		-	-
Premium on bond issue	50,825	718,706	114,007	30,407	388,207	330,246	_	503,351	-	216,764
Transfers in	2,967,324	4,159,187	4,718,251	5,876,119	5,986,155	8,197,622	4,532,992	4,877,350	10,295,661	6,605,320
Transfers out	(2,459,259)	(3,729,200)	(4,214,404)	(5,451,376)	(5,520,594)	(7,735,357)	(4,081,678)	(4,656,367)	(9,878,740)	(6,353,213)
Refund to overlying districts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,184,910	11,435,198	3,277,054	18,261,288	12,088,868	9,936,190	1,441,115	13,715,819	607,390	4,809,685
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,285,459	\$ (11,598,106)	\$ 2,594,354	\$ 8,083,421	\$ (4,373,365)	\$ 17,661	\$ 237,733	\$ 9,986,661	\$ (8,639,598)	\$ 2,953,881
Debt service as a percentage										
of noncapital expenditures	16.0%	23.8%	26.4%	27.7%	23.9%	33.6%	26.2%	21.8%	29.0%	24.6%

Note: The capital expenditures used in the calculation above includes \$4,894,049 less the \$607,922 found within the reconciliation on page 6.

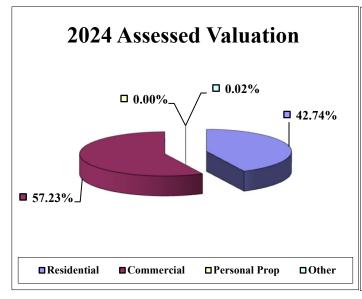
VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Assessed and Equalized Valuations of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

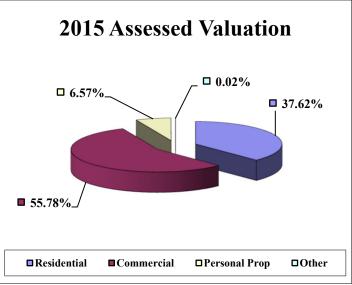
		Ass	essed Valuation	S				Ratio of Total	Total
		Commercial			All	Total	Total	Assessed	Direct
		and	Personal		Other	Assessed	Equalized	to Equalized	Tax
Year	Residential	Manufacturing	Property		Classes	Valuation	Valuation	Valuations	Rate
2015	\$ 816,980,100	\$ 1,211,320,600	\$142,706,300	\$	513,700	\$ 2,171,520,700	\$ 2,223,348,000	97.69%	\$ 5.43
2016	\$ 832,149,900	\$ 1,212,974,600	\$143,215,800	\$	543,900	\$ 2,188,884,200	\$ 2,199,349,300	99.48%	\$ 6.12
2017	\$ 841,160,800	\$ 1,240,944,800	\$144,600,400	\$	543,900	\$ 2,227,249,900	\$ 2,354,755,800	94.58%	\$ 6.12
2018	\$ 950,995,300	\$ 1,344,788,300	\$132,465,900	\$	912,100	\$ 2,429,161,600	\$ 2,397,222,200	101.33%	\$ 5.62
2019	\$ 960,308,400	\$ 1,359,343,000	\$132,812,300	\$	912,400	\$ 2,453,376,100	\$ 2,586,600,100	94.84%	\$ 5.68
2020	\$ 962,780,400	\$ 1,369,300,000	\$133,490,600	\$	918,700	\$ 2,466,489,700	\$ 2,684,430,400	91.88%	\$ 5.79
2021	\$ 1,133,724,400	\$ 1,435,687,800	\$129,369,800	\$	946,500	\$ 2,699,728,500	\$ 2,864,580,100	94.24%	\$ 5.42
2022	\$ 1,168,415,500	\$ 1,477,336,600	\$149,570,000	\$	949,900	\$ 2,796,272,000	\$ 3,133,142,400	89.51%	\$ 5.76
2023	\$ 1,539,757,700	\$ 1,966,107,500	\$175,098,800	\$	947,100	\$ 3,681,911,100	\$ 3,612,287,000	101.93%	\$ 4.63
2024	\$ 1,561,303,500	\$ 2,090,637,600	\$ -	\$	897,600	\$ 3,652,838,700	\$ 4,060,268,800	90.45%	\$ 4.93

Source: Assessed and Equalized valuations were derived from Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Notes: The Village of Ashwaubenon completed a reassessment of property values during 2018 and 2023. Beginning in 1999, computers were not included in personal property.

The Village of Ashwaubenon completed a reassessment of residential property values only during 2021. State of Wisconsin eliminated Personal Property valuations in 2024.





VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Property Tax Rates and Tax Levies - All Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

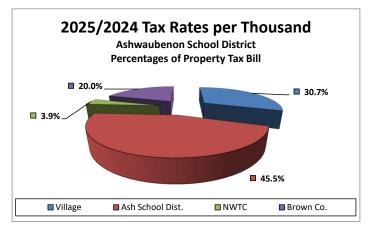
Village of Ashwaubenon - Ashwaubenon School District

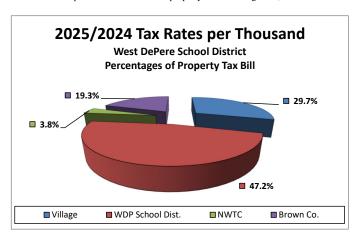
Fiscal		Village	of A	Ashwau	beno	n						Overlappi	ing	Rates			
Year/	General	Debt	C	apital			Percent	Ashwa	ubenon	Nor	theast	Wisconsin				Stat	e of
Tax Roll	Fund	Service	Pı	ojects/		Γotal	of Total	School District Technical College			Brown	County	Wisc	onsin			
Year	Rate	Rate	Sp	ec Rev		Rate	Tax Bill	Rate	Percent	Rate		Percent		Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent
2016/2015	\$ 4.29	\$ 0.96	\$	0.18	\$	5.43	25.4%	\$ 10.23	47.9%	\$	0.80	3.7%	\$	4.73	22.1%	\$ 0.17	0.8%
2017/2016	\$ 4.54	\$ 1.30	\$	0.28	\$	6.12	28.3%	\$ 9.78	45.3%	\$	0.84	3.9%	\$	4.69	21.7%	\$ 0.17	0.8%
2018/2017	\$ 4.53	\$ 1.27	\$	0.32	\$	6.12	28.4%	\$ 9.62	44.7%	\$	0.89	4.1%	\$	4.91	22.8%	\$ -	0.0%
2019/2018	\$ 4.31	\$ 1.00	\$	0.31	\$	5.62	29.3%	\$ 8.24	43.0%	\$	0.81	4.2%	\$	4.49	23.4%	\$ -	0.0%
2020/2019	\$ 4.44	\$ 0.93	\$	0.31	\$	5.68	29.5%	\$ 8.24	42.8%	\$	0.85	4.4%	\$	4.50	23.4%	\$ -	0.0%
2021/2020	\$ 4.46	\$ 0.97	\$	0.36	\$	5.79	29.6%	\$ 8.50	43.4%	\$	0.87	4.4%	\$	4.42	22.6%	\$ -	0.0%
2022/2021	\$ 4.24	\$ 0.84	\$	0.34	\$	5.42	29.6%	\$ 8.07	44.1%	\$	0.78	4.3%	\$	4.04	22.1%	\$ -	0.0%
2023/2022	\$ 4.54	\$ 0.90	\$	0.32	\$	5.76	32.5%	\$ 7.38	41.7%	\$	0.74	4.2%	\$	3.82	21.6%	\$ -	0.0%
2024/2023	\$ 3.70	\$ 0.68	\$	0.25	\$	4.63	30.7%	\$ 6.81	45.1%	\$	0.59	3.9%	\$	3.07	20.3%	\$ -	0.0%
2025/2024	\$ 3.97	\$ 0.70	\$	0.26	\$	4.93	30.7%	\$ 7.31	45.5%	\$	0.63	3.9%	\$	3.21	20.0%	\$ -	0.0%

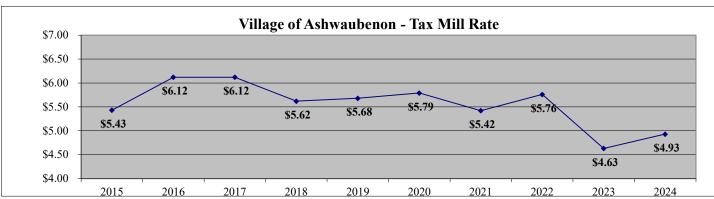
Village of Ashwaubenon - West DePere School District

Fiscal		Village of Ashwaubenon												Overlapp	ing F	Rates			
Year/		General		Debt	C	apital			Percent	West I	DePere	No	rtheast	Wisconsin				Stat	te of
Tax Roll		Fund /		Service	Pı	ojects/		Total	of Total	School	District	T	echnica	l College		Brown	County	Wisc	onsin
Year	T	IF Rate		Rate	Sp	ec Rev		Rate	Tax Bill	Rate	Percent		Rate	Percent		Rate	Percent	Rate	Percent
2016/2015	\$	4.29	\$	0.96	\$	0.18	\$	5.43	24.3%	\$ 11.18	50.1%	\$	0.80	3.6%	\$	4.73	21.2%	\$ 0.17	0.8%
2017/2016	\$	4.54	\$	1.30	\$	0.28	\$	6.12	27.4%	\$ 10.48	47.0%	\$	0.84	3.8%	\$	4.69	21.0%	\$ 0.17	0.8%
2018/2017	\$	4.53	\$	1.27	\$	0.32	\$	6.12	27.2%	\$ 10.55	47.0%	\$	0.89	4.0%	\$	4.91	21.9%	\$ -	0.0%
2019/2018	\$	4.31	\$	1.00	\$	0.31	\$	5.62	27.3%	\$ 9.69	47.0%	\$	0.81	3.9%	\$	4.49	21.8%	\$ -	0.0%
2020/2019	\$	4.44	\$	0.93	\$	0.31	\$	5.68	26.8%	\$ 10.17	48.0%	\$	0.85	4.0%	\$	4.50	21.2%	\$ -	0.0%
2021/2020	\$	4.46	\$	0.97	\$	0.36	\$	5.79	26.8%	\$ 10.49	48.6%	\$	0.87	4.0%	\$	4.42	20.5%	\$ -	0.0%
2022/2021	\$	4.24	\$	0.84	\$	0.34	\$	5.42	27.1%	\$ 9.74	48.7%	\$	0.78	3.9%	\$	4.04	20.2%	\$ -	0.0%
2023/2022	\$	4.54	\$	0.90	\$	0.32	\$	5.76	30.0%	\$ 8.91	46.3%	\$	0.74	3.8%	\$	3.82	19.9%	\$ -	0.0%
2024/2023	\$	3.70	\$	0.68	\$	0.25	\$	4.63	30.2%	\$ 7.02	45.9%	\$	0.59	3.9%	\$	3.07	20.1%	\$ -	0.0%
2025/2024	\$	3.97	\$	0.70	\$	0.26	\$	4.93	29.7%	\$ 7.83	47.2%	\$	0.63	3.8%	\$	3.21	19.3%	\$ -	0.0%

Notes: The basis for property tax rates is per \$1,000 assessed valuation. The Village of Ashwaubenon completed a reassessment of property values during 2013, 2018 and 2023.







VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2024						2015	
				Percentage				Percentage
		Assessed		of Total		Assessed		of Total
Taxpayer / Ownership		Valuation	Rank	Assessments		Valuation	Rank	Assessments
Titletown Development LLC Lodge Kohler/Hinterland/Bellin	\$	99,089,200	1	2.71%	\$	-	NA	0.00%
Bellin Memorial Hospital Inc. <i>Medical</i>		84,109,800	2	2.30%		-	NA	0.00%
Green Bay Packaging Inc Manufacturing		46,703,600	3	1.28%		30,816,300	2	1.42%
Titletown Office Partners LLC Office Building		44,460,700	4	1.22%		-	NA	0.00%
Simon Capital LTD Partnership Shopping Center		42,524,500	5	1.16%		37,008,800	1	1.70%
Oneida Tribe of Indians of WI		40,817,200	6	1.12%		24,813,200	4	1.14%
Tribal Enterprises - Multiple Schneider National Inc. Transportation Company		38,517,700	7	1.05%		24,261,800	5	1.12%
Transportation Company Titletown Apartment Development LLC Apartment Buildings		33,627,000	8	0.92%		-	NA	0.00%
Green Bay Packers Commercial/Residential Holding		31,661,600	9	0.87%		-	NA	0.00%
Lambeau Field Redevelopment LLC Cabela's/Various		25,090,700	10	0.69%		21,404,400	6	0.99%
Spirit SPE Portfolio 2006-1 LLC Shopko Store/Corp Office/Optical						26,030,200	3	1.20%
KRG - Ashw Bay Park LLC Shopping Center						17,200,000	7	0.79%
Paper Converting Machine Co. Manufacturing						15,622,700	8	0.72%
Charles & Marilyn Perry Apartments						15,337,400	9	0.71%
Schneider Resources, Inc. Transportation						14,814,700	10	0.68%
Total	\$	486,602,000	 : :	13.32%	\$	227,309,500	 : :	10.47%

Source: Village Assessment Services Department

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Collected Fiscal Year	within the of the Levy	Collections in beguent Years	Total Collec	tion to Date
Fiscal Year / Tax Roll	Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Amount	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2016/2015	\$ 46,814,273	\$ 46,774,437	99.91%	\$ 20,938	\$ 46,795,375	99.96%
2017/2016	\$ 47,634,355	\$ 47,616,176	99.96%	\$ 6,688	\$ 47,622,864	99.98%
2018/2017	\$ 48,355,924	\$ 48,318,889	99.92%	\$ 33,044	\$ 48,351,933	99.99%
2019/2018	\$ 47,076,424	\$ 47,044,584	99.93%	\$ 21,359	\$ 47,065,943	99.98%
2020/2019	\$ 47,991,445	\$ 47,815,036	99.63%	\$ 113,612	\$ 47,928,648	99.87%
2021/2020	\$ 49,013,383	\$ 48,862,280	99.69%	\$ 144,304	\$ 49,006,584	99.99%
2022/2021	\$ 50,067,406	\$ 49,990,047	99.85%	\$ 66,272	\$ 50,056,318	99.98%
2023/2022	\$ 50,128,913	\$ 49,781,228	99.31%	\$ 334,822	\$ 50,116,049	99.97%
2024/2023	\$ 55,807,004	\$ 55,793,084	99.98%	\$ -	\$ 55,793,084	99.98%
2025/2024	\$ 59,105,086	\$ 59,105,086	100.00%	\$ -	\$ 59,105,086	100.00%

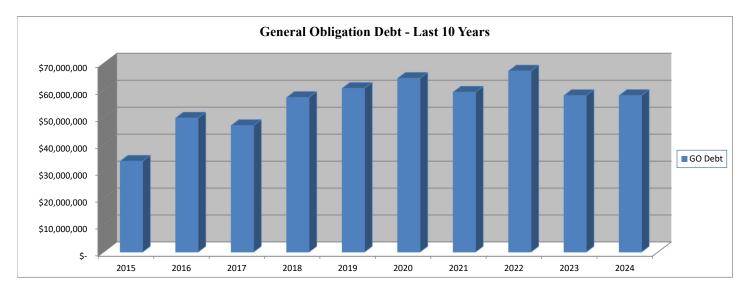
Notes:

^{*} In August of each year, the Village settles with the County Treasurer for 100% of all real property taxes; afterward, o unpaid personal property taxes remain the responsibility of the Village for collections

^{*} Personal property taxes were eliminated in 2024.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

	Go	vernmental Ac	tivities			Business-Typ	e Activates			To	tal Primary (Government	
	Communi	C1	Total Governmental Activities	Water and Sewer	Water and Sewer	S	Total	Average	Ratio of Water and	Total	Ratio to		Percentage
Year	General Obligation Notes	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Debt	General Obligation Notes	General Obligation Bonds	Sewer Notes Payable	Water & Sewer Debt	Number of Customers	Sewer debt to Average No. Customers	Primary Government Debt	Total Assessed Value (1)	Per Capita (2)	of Personal Income (3)
2015	27,389,148	-	27,389,148	36,771	6,287,367	389,454	6,713,592	7,266	923.97	34,102,740	1.57%	1,997.12	0.28%
2016	34,952,160	8,949,594	43,901,754	30,743	5,783,628	282,442	6,096,813	7,282	837.24	49,998,567	2.28%	2,915.88	0.40%
2017	32,704,539	8,927,246	41,631,785	24,715	5,274,128	172,164	5,471,007	7,195	760.39	47,102,792	2.11%	2,738.38	0.36%
2018	29,876,313	22,683,608	52,559,921	18,687	4,749,628	116,441	4,884,756	7,224	676.18	57,444,677	2.36%	3,342.33	0.42%
2019	33,572,341	22,899,001	56,471,342	12,659	4,205,128	59,069	4,276,856	7,262	588.94	60,748,198	2.48%	3,548.58	0.43%
2020	37,823,369	22,930,145	60,753,514	6,631	3,650,626	-	3,657,257	7,285	502.03	64,410,771	2.61%	3,790.88	0.42%
2021	31,720,000	24,500,845	56,220,845	-	3,076,127	-	3,076,127	7,304	421.16	59,296,972	2.20%	3,506.00	0.36%
2022	40,135,000	24,511,024	64,646,024	-	2,486,626	-	2,486,626	7,342	338.69	67,132,650	2.40%	3,990.05	0.40%
2023	34,075,000	23,957,132	58,032,132	-	1,882,126	-	1,882,126	7,769	242.26	59,914,258	1.63%	3,527.27	0.34%
2024	34,390,000	23,665,845	58,055,845	1,500,000	1,328,932	-	2,828,932	7,803	362.54	60,884,777	1.67%	N/A	N/A



(1) Assessed values from "Assessed and Equalized Valuations of Taxable Property" statistical page.

(2) Village population used in 'Per Capita' ratio and 'Personal Income' numbers are from "Demographics Statistics" statistical page. Population not available for 2024.

(3) Personal income not available for 2024.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total General Obligation Debt	Less: Sinking Fund	Net General Obligation Debt	Ratio to Assessed Value (1)	Net General Obligation Debt Per Capita (2)
2015	\$ 34,102,740	\$ -	\$ 34,102,740	1.57%	\$ 1,997.12
2016	\$ 49,998,567	\$ -	\$ 49,998,567	2.28%	\$ 2,915.88
2017	\$ 47,102,792	\$ 77,579	\$ 47,025,213	2.11%	\$ 2,733.87
2018	\$ 57,444,677	\$ -	\$ 57,444,677	2.36%	\$ 3,342.33
2019	\$ 60,748,198	\$ -	\$ 60,748,198	2.48%	\$ 3,548.58
2020	\$ 64,410,771	\$ 240,792	\$ 64,169,979	2.60%	\$ 3,776.70
2021	\$ 59,296,972	\$ -	\$ 59,296,972	2.20%	\$ 3,506.00
2022	\$ 67,132,650	\$ -	\$ 67,132,650	2.40%	\$ 3,990.05
2023	\$ 59,914,258	\$ -	\$ 59,914,258	1.63%	\$ 3,527.27
2024	\$ 60,884,777	\$ -	\$ 60,884,777	1.67%	N/A

Notes:

- (1) Assessed values from "Assessed and Equalized Valuations of Taxable Property" statistical page.
- (2) Village population used in 'Per Capita' ratio from "Demographics Statistics" statistical page.

The Village of Ashwaubenon completed a reassessment of property values during 2013 and 2023, and a reassessment of residential property values only in 2021.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt and Ratio to Assessed Value and Per Capita Debt December 31, 2024

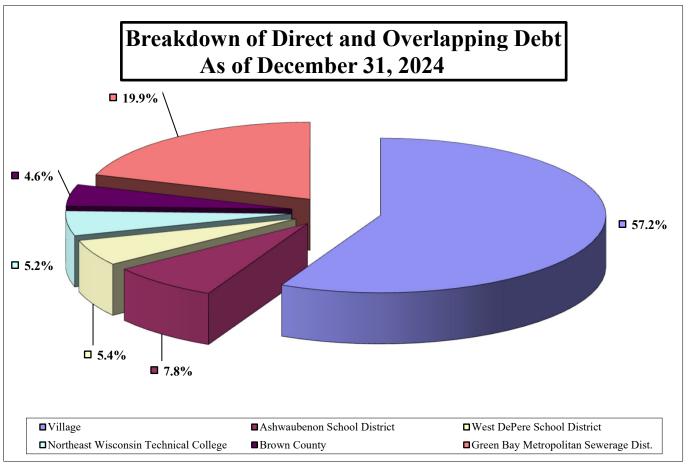
		Total	Villa	ge S	hare	Ratio to
		Net Debt	Percentage		Amount	Assessed Value
	-					
Village Direct Debt:						
General Obligation Debt	\$	58,055,845	100.00%	\$	58,055,845	1.59%
Overlapping Debt:						
Ashwaubenon School District		7,920,000	100.00%		7,920,000	0.22%
West DePere School District		53,424,815	10.29%		5,497,414	0.15%
Northeast Wisconsin Technical College		93,585,000	5.61%		5,250,119	0.14%
Brown County		42,400,000	10.92%		4,630,080	0.13%
Green Bay Metropolitan Sewerage Dist.		167,761,025	12.01%		20,148,099	0.55%
Total Overlapping Debt					43,445,711	
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	101,501,556	

Source:

Obtained data for overlapping debt from the related entity's financial department. The Village share percentage was obtained from each jurisdictions tax levy reports as allocated by equalized valuations.

Note:

The equalized values include the equalized values of the Village's Tax Incremental Districts (TID) #3, #4, and #5.



Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

	Village		Brown County		Brown County per Capita	Average Annual Unemployment	School	Ashwaubenon
Year	Population (1)	Tota	(2)	P	ersonal Income (2)	(3)	Enrollment (4)	Median Age (1)
2015	17,076	\$	12,147,745,000	\$	46,707	3.7%	3,271	41.0
2016	17,147	\$	12,350,148,000	\$	47,107	3.1%	3,301	41.5
2017	17,201	\$	12,927,185,000	\$	48,836	2.5%	3,339	40.7
2018	17,187	\$	13,730,925,000	\$	51,544	2.5%	3,313	40.6
2019	17,119	\$	14,138,451,000	\$	52,811	2.6%	3,274	40.2
2020	16,991	\$	15,308,222,000	\$	56,918	4.0%	3,276	41.8
2021	16,913	\$	16,338,051,000	\$	60,759	2.2%	3,257	40.4
2022	16,825	\$	16,788,161,000	\$	62,163	2.0%	3,215	40.7
2023	16,986	\$	17,696,122,000	\$	65,199	2.6%	3,197	42.5
2024	N/A		N/A		N/A	2.6%	3,182	N/A

Source:

(1) U.S. Census Bureau:

www2.census.gov

(2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis website -

www.bea.gov

- * The Village of Ashwaubenon data is only published with each census; therefore Brown County data was used for this report. (Ashwaubenon is located within Brown County.)
- (3) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics website

www.bls.gov/lau/home.htm

- * The Village of Ashwaubenon data is only published with each census; therefore Brown County data was used for this report. (Ashwaubenon is located within Brown County.)
- (4) Ashwaubenon School District

(N/A) Not available at time of printing this report (This information is not available until the following year)

Note:

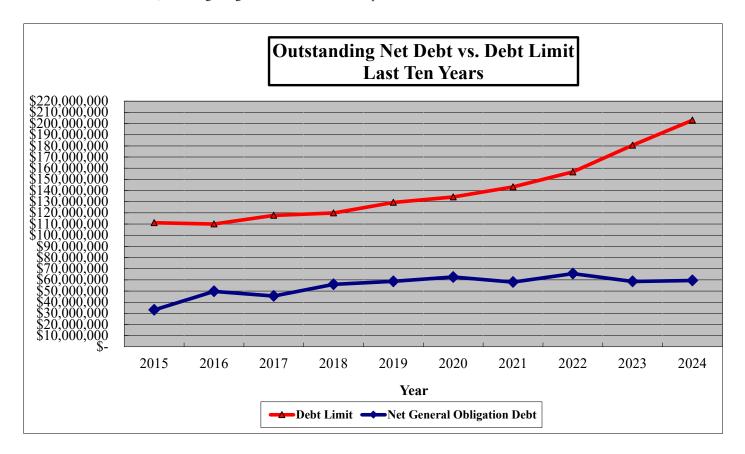
Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 44, paragraph 99 requires the Village to report total persona income for each of the past 10 years. The Village of Ashwaubenon statistics could not be located, so the Brown Count statistics were used. (The Village of Ashwaubenon is located in Brown County).

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Equalized Value		\$ 4,060,268,800
Debt Limit (5% of Equalized Value)		\$ 203,013,440
General Obligation Debt Less: Amount in Debt Service Sinking Fund Net General Obligation Debt	\$ 59,460,000	59,460,000
Legal Debt Margin		\$ 143,553,440

Year	Year Debt Limit			General Obligation Debt	Lega	al Debt Margin	Ratio of Net General Obligation Debt to Debt Limit
2015	\$	111,167,400	\$	33,055,000	\$	78,112,400	29.7%
2016		109,967,465		49,716,125		60,251,340	45.2%
2017		117,737,790		45,488,478		72,249,312	38.6%
2018		119,861,110		56,043,478		63,817,632	46.8%
2019		129,330,005		58,645,101		70,684,904	45.3%
2020		134,221,520		62,525,898		71,695,622	46.6%
2021		143,229,005		58,005,000		85,224,005	40.5%
2022		156,657,120		65,555,000		91,102,120	41.8%
2023		180,614,350		58,580,000		122,034,350	32.4%
2024		203,013,440		59,460,000		143,553,440	29.3%

Note: Under state law, the Village's legal debt limit is 5% of the equalized valuation.



Principal Employers in Ashwaubenon and Principal Employers in Green Bay Area

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024				2015	
Ashwaubenon Employers	Employee Count			Employee Count	Rank	Percentage of Total MSA Employment	
							_
Schneider National, Inc.	3,494	1	2.00%		2,725	1	1.62%
Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin	1,905	2	1.09%		2,652	2	1.57%
Prevea Health	1,363	3	0.78%		-	-	0.00%
Wisconsin Public Service	798	4	0.46%		1,413	4	0.84%
Paper Converting	724	5	0.41%		796	8	0.47%
Pioneer Metal	580	6	0.33%		-	-	0.00%
RR Donnelley	493	7	0.28%		687	9	0.41%
Ashwaubenon School District	335	8	0.19%				
Ameriprise Auto & Home Insurance	267	9	0.15%		960	7	0.57%
Fox Valley Metal Tech	91	10	0.05%				
Georgia Pacific					1,950	3	1.16%
Shopko Stores					1,308	6	0.78%
Associated Bank Corp					1,092	5	0.65%
Green Bay Packers					560	10	0.33%
	10,050		5.07%		14,143		8.40%

		2024				2015	
Brown County MSA Employers	Employee Count	Rank	Percentage of Total MSA Employment		Employee Count	Rank	Percentage of Total MSA Employment
Bellin Health	3,615	1	2.07%		2,529	4	1.50%
Schneider National, Inc.	3,494	2	2.00%		2,725	2	1.62%
Humana Inc.	3,098	3	1.77%		3,283	1	1.95%
Green Bay School District	2,803	4	1.60%				0.00%
Aurora Health Care	2,370	5	1.35%		1,819	7	1.08%
American Foods Group	1,949	6	1.11%		1,504	10	0.89%
Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin	1,905	7	1.09%		2,652	3	1.57%
Brown County (Government)	1,723	8	0.99%				0.00%
HSHS St. Vincent Hospital	1,712	9	0.98%		1,573	8	0.93%
United Health Care	1,624	10	0.93%		1,828	6	1.09%
Georgia Pacific					1,950	5	1.16%
Prevea Health					1,572	9	0.93%
	24,293		13.89%	;	21,435		12.73%
Total Brown County MSA Labor Force	174,923			:	168,409		

Sources: Greater Green Bay Your Move website, Brown County website, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: 2024 data not available, employee counts are from 2023.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Full-time-Equivalent Village Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Government	13.0	15.5	16.5	17.0	17.5	17.5	17.5	17.5	16.1	20.1
Public Safety	57.0	58.2	58.2	59.2	59.2	58.2	58.7	59.2	58.2	59.2
Public Works	20.0	18.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0
Engineering	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.0
Culture and Recreation	7.0	7.0	7.6	7.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	9.6
Water and Sewer Utility	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
	106.0	107.7	110.3	111.8	112.8	111.8	113.3	114.8	112.4	119.4

Number of Part-time employees (not full-time equivalent)

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General Government	36.0	38.0	61.0	61.0	61.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0	55.0
Public Safety	44.0	44.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0	43.0
Public Works	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Engineering	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Culture and Recreation	165.0	170.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0	175.0
Water and Sewer Utility	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	253.0	260.0	287.0	287.0	287.0	281.0	281.0	281.0	281.0	281.0

Source: Village Finance office

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
General government:	10.202	11.102	0.255	10115	10.022	11.400	10.15	10.510	0.50	11.222
Registered voters	10,282	11,102	9,357	10,145	10,032	11,480	10,156	10,540	9,784	11,322
Public safety:										
Police										
Incidents	18,950	18,623	17,881	19,728	18,418	16,441	16,699	17,767	18,056	18,592
Court cases	3,824	3,888	3,086	3,272	2,241	1,829	1,967	2,684	3,139	3,524
Fire										
Inspections	4,124	4,553	3,089	2,995	2,366	1,620	1,189	1,003	1,275	1,235
Fire calls	263	303	235	221	215	154	176	196	154	312
Rescue										
Rescue calls	1,272	1,366	1,640	1,628	1,657	1,514	1,852	1,999	2,046	2,400
Inspections										
Building permits (new residential)	65	24	31	13	6	6	17	24	30	41
Total permits issued	894	742	711	1,026	887	887	596	516	488	607
Refuse collection										
Garbage (tons)	4,603	4,831	4,528	4,533	4,586	5,117	5,001	4,883	4,820	5,100
Recycling (including paper) (tons)	1,396	1,396	1,375	1,331	1,268	1,292	1,185	1,133	1,100	1,112
Other public works										
Street resurficing (miles)	4.40	3.63	4.21	3.35	3.23	4.23	3.47	3.09	6.24	3.25
Water utility										
Gallons purchased (thousands)	1,224,790	1,313,283	1,320,507	1,287,990	1,259,197	1,262,608	1,399,885	1,349,274	1,299,331	1,246,996
Daily average consumption (gal)	2,765,712	2,842,208	2,626,674	2,405,773	2,178,118	2,111,030	2,268,425	2,320,392	2,205,981	2,225,373
Customers Served	7,267	7,282	7,195	7,195	7,240	7,266	7,304	7,342	7,769	7,425
Service connections	5,725	5,729	5,738	5,740	5,745	5,846	5,848	5,953	5,961	5,961
Education:										
Elementary schools	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Elementary instructors	114	114	114	115	115	114	122	119	120	118
Elementary enrollment	n/a	1,425								
Middle schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,.20
Middle school instructors	50	50	50	52	52	54	52	50	51	57
Middle school enrollment	n/a	741								
Secondary schools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Secondary school instructors	70	70	70	67	67	66	69	67	70	71
Secondary school enrollment	n/a	1,016								
•										,

Source: Various village departments

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Capital Assets Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Dublio cofoty:										
Public safety: Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol vehicles	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Fire	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Fire vehicles	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Rescue	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-
Rescue vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Other public works:										
Street mileage	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00	105.00
Street lights	1,932	1,926	1,926	1,926	1,926	1,926	1,926	1,926	1,973	1,973
Culture and recreation:										
Acreage	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00	296.00
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Baseball/softball diamonds	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Basketball courts	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Tennis courts	18	18	18	18	18			18	18	18
Volleyball courts	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Soccer fields	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Man-made lakes	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Cricket Field	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pickle Ball Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Community Garden	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water utility										
Watermain (miles)	122	122	122	122	122	123	130	131	131	132
Fire hydrants	1,304	1,309	1,309	1,310	1,312	1,322	1,322	1,340	1,345	1,350
Wells	5	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Standpipes	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Elevated tanks	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Reservoirs	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Standpipe capacities	1,250,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
Elevated tanks capacities	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,750,000
Reservoir capacities	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500	1,494,500

Source: Various village departments

Notes: No capital asset indicators are available for general government or capital outlay-engineering.

VILLAGE OF ASHWAUBENON, WISCONSIN Breakdown of TIF/Non-TIF Principal & Interest

As of December 31, 2024

			Prin	cipa	ıl		
	TIF #3	TIF #4	TIF #5				
Year	Total	Total	Total		Total TIF	Non-TIF	Total
2025	\$ 3,155,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 1,320,000	\$	4,505,000	\$ 1,660,000	\$ 6,165,000
2026	2,915,000	30,000	2,240,000		5,185,000	1,700,000	6,885,000
2027	2,495,000	30,000	2,630,000		5,155,000	1,365,000	6,520,000
2028	1,230,000	-	2,730,000		3,960,000	1,410,000	5,370,000
2029	1,190,000	-	2,835,000		4,025,000	1,455,000	5,480,000
2030	380,000	-	3,275,000		3,655,000	1,320,000	4,975,000
2031	-	-	2,905,000		2,905,000	1,185,000	4,090,000
2032	-	-	3,025,000		3,025,000	1,230,000	4,255,000
2033	-	-	1,565,000		1,565,000	1,270,000	2,835,000
2034	-	-	1,630,000		1,630,000	1,315,000	2,945,000
2035-2040	-	-	5,875,000		5,875,000	1,330,000	7,205,000
Totals	\$ 11,365,000	\$ 90,000	\$ 30,030,000	\$	41,485,000	\$ 15,240,000	\$ 56,725,000

			Inte	res	t		
Year	TIF #3 Total	TIF #4 Total	TIF #5 Total		Total TIF	Non-TIF	Total
2025	\$ 328,154	\$ 2,250	\$ 1,153,284	\$	1,483,688	\$ 451,459	\$ 1,935,147
2026 2027	222,438 121,646	1,350 450	1,093,660 1,003,148		1,317,448 1,125,244	421,475 375,775	1,738,923 1,501,019
2028 2029	54,858 23,094	-	901,471 793,508		956,329 816,602	329,275 282,025	1,285,604 1,098,627
2030 2031	3,825	-	676,867 556,117		680,692 556,117	235,975 192,975	916,667 749,092
2032 2033	-	-	433,813 338,187		433,813 338,187	150,150 107,475	583,963 445,662
2034 2035-2040	 -	-	 270,557 524,906	_	270,557 524,906	 65,075 51,950	335,632 576,856
Totals	\$ 754,015	\$ 4,050	\$ 7,745,517	\$	8,503,582	\$ 2,663,609	\$ 11,167,191

				Total Princip	al d	& Interest		
Year	TIF #3 Total	TIF #4 Total	TIF #5 Total		Total TIF		Non-TIF	Total
2025	\$ 3,483,154	\$ 32,250	\$	2,473,284	\$	5,988,688	\$ 2,111,459	\$ 8,100,147
2026 2027 2028	3,137,438 2,616,646 1,284,858	31,350 30,450		3,333,660 3,633,148 3,631,471		6,502,448 6,280,244 4,916,329	2,121,475 1,740,775 1,739,275	8,623,923 8,021,019 6,655,604
2028 2029 2030	1,213,094 383,825	-		3,628,508 3,951,867		4,916,329 4,841,602 4,335,692	1,737,025 1,555,975	6,578,627 5,891,667
2031 2032	-	-		3,461,117 3,458,813		3,461,117 3,458,813	1,377,975 1,380,150	4,839,092 4,838,963
2033 2034	-	-		1,903,187 1,900,557		1,903,187 1,900,557	1,377,475 1,380,075	3,280,662 3,280,632
2035-2040 Totals	\$ 12,119,015	\$ 94,050	\$	6,399,906 37,775,517	\$	6,399,906 49,988,582	\$ 1,381,950 17,903,609	\$ 7,781,856 67,892,191